



## **English Language Proficiency Standards PreKindergarten through Grade 5**

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## About the WIDA English Language Proficiency Standards

*WIDA's English Language Proficiency Standards for English Language Learners in Pre-Kindergarten through Grade 12: Frameworks for Formative and Summative Assessment and Instruction*, 2007 edition, is a key component of the World-Class Instructional Design and Assessment (WIDA) Consortium's assessment system. WIDA's vision of language proficiency encompasses both social and academic contexts tied to schooling, particularly to standards, curriculum, and instruction. By developing these English language proficiency (ELP) standards, first published in 2004, the WIDA Consortium has responded to this emergent vision to link language learning with academic content. Furthermore, these ELP standards guide the development of test blueprints, task specifications, and ELP measures, primarily WIDA's ACCESS for ELLs® test.

Originally developed by consortium members with funding from a U.S. Department of Education Enhanced Assessment Grant, the standards are designed for the many audiences in the field of education who are impacted by English language learners (ELLs). This second edition reflects an evolving understanding of the needs of ELLs and their educators in the use of the ELP standards as an instructional and assessment tool.

### Organization of the Standards

There are five WIDA ELP Standards, which appear in two frameworks: Summative (the outcomes of learning) and Formative (the processes of learning). The standards, identical for both frameworks, reflect the social and academic dimensions of acquiring a second language that are expected of ELLs in grade levels PreK-12 attending schools in the United States. Each ELP standard addresses a specific context for English language

development. Overall, the standards center on the language needed and used by ELLs to succeed in school.

Each standard is organized by grade level cluster (PreK-K, grades 1-2, grades 3-5, grades 6-8, and grades 9-12) and by language domain (listening, speaking, reading, and writing). Within each grade cluster and domain, there are five model performance indicators (MPIs), one for each language proficiency level from 1, Entering, to 5, Bridging. All five MPIs focus on the same example topic from a content area reflected in the standard, forming a “strand” that illustrates the language development continuum. Each MPI contains three elements: a language function (e.g., describe, justify), an example topic (e.g., weather, human populations), and a form of support through level 4 (e.g., pictures or illustrations, working in small groups). The components of the ELP standards, from frameworks down to the elements of an MPI, work together to form the standards document, a critical tool for educators of ELLs for curriculum development, instruction and assessment.

### The WIDA English Language Proficiency Standards

- *English Language Proficiency Standard 1:* English language learners communicate for **Social** and **Instructional** purposes within the school setting.
- *English Language Proficiency Standard 2:* English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of **Language Arts**.
- *English Language Proficiency Standard 3:* English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of **Mathematics**.
- *English Language Proficiency Standard 4:* English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of **Science**.
- *English Language Proficiency Standard 5:* English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of **Social Studies**.

The ELP standards are often abbreviated as Social and Instructional language, the language of Language Arts, the language of Mathematics, the language of Science, and the language of Social Studies.

## The Language Proficiency Levels and Performance Definitions

The five language proficiency levels outline the progression of language development implied in the acquisition of English as an additional language, from 1, Entering the process, to 6, Reaching the attainment of English language proficiency. The language proficiency levels delineate expected performance and describe what ELLs can do within each domain of the standards. The Performance Definitions define the expectations of students at each proficiency level. The definitions encompass three criteria: linguistic complexity—the amount and quality of speech or writing for a given situation; vocabulary usage—the specificity of words or phrases for a given context; and language control—the comprehensibility of the communication based on the amount and types of errors.

The Performance Definitions (see page 3) are a key component of the standards documents, and the use of the standards and corresponding MPIs must be in conjunction with the Performance Definitions. The MPIs, delineated by language proficiency level, give expectations for what students should be able to process and produce at a given proficiency level. The Performance Definitions describe how well the student can or should be expected to do so. For example, the language function “describe” appears in MPIs at levels 1-4. What language does a student at language proficiency level 2 need to produce in order to “describe”? What can he or she reasonably be expected to process to understand a description? How does this compare with a student at language proficiency level 4? The language

function “describe” for a level 2 student may mean producing or comprehending phrases or short sentences using common adjectives and modifiers, whereas a level 4 student may be expected to process or use extended discourse incorporating relative clauses, similes or metaphors. This example illustrates how the Performance Definitions are an essential companion to the strands of MPIs.

## Performance Definitions for the levels of English language proficiency

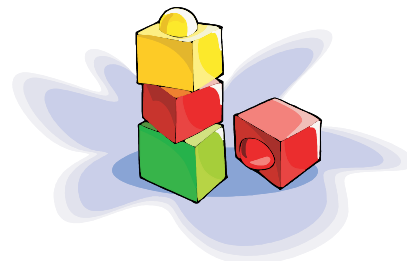
At the given level of English language proficiency, English language learners will process, understand, produce, or use:

<b>6</b> <b>Reaching</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>specialized or technical language reflective of the content area at grade level</li> <li>a variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in extended oral or written discourse as required by the specified grade level</li> <li>oral or written communication in English comparable to proficient English peers</li> </ul>
<b>5</b> <b>Bridging</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the technical language of the content areas;</li> <li>a variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in extended oral or written discourse, including stories, essays, or reports;</li> <li>oral or written language approaching comparability to that of English proficient peers when presented with grade level material</li> </ul>
<b>4</b> <b>Expanding</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>specific and some technical language of the content areas;</li> <li>a variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in oral discourse or multiple, related paragraphs;</li> <li>oral or written language with minimal phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors that do not impede the overall meaning of the communication when presented with oral or written connected discourse with occasional visual and graphic support</li> </ul>
<b>3</b> <b>Developing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>general and some specific language of the content areas;</li> <li>expanded sentences in oral interaction or written paragraphs;</li> <li>oral or written language with phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors that may impede the communication but retain much of its meaning when presented with oral or written, narrative or expository descriptions with occasional visual and graphic support</li> </ul>
<b>2</b> <b>Beginning</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>general language related to the content areas;</li> <li>phrases or short sentences;</li> <li>oral or written language with phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors that often impede the meaning of the communication when presented with one to multiple-step commands, directions, questions, or a series of statements with visual and graphic support</li> </ul>
<b>1</b> <b>Entering</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>pictorial or graphic representation of the language of the content areas;</li> <li>words, phrases, or chunks of language when presented with one-step commands, directions, WH-questions, or statements with visual and graphic support</li> </ul>

## Example Topics and Genres: Content Related to WIDA's English Language Proficiency Standards

These examples, representative of state academic content standards, provide context for the English language development described in the strands of Model Performance Indicators.

Standard 1: Social and Instructional language	Standard 2: The language of Language Arts	Standard 3: The language of Mathematics	Standard 4: The language of Science	Standard 5: The language of Social Studies
<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Classrooms</li> <li>Colors</li> <li>Feelings</li> <li>Games</li> <li>Hygiene &amp; safety</li> <li>Music &amp; movement</li> <li>Recreational objects &amp; activities</li> <li>Routines</li> <li>School</li> <li>Self &amp; family</li> <li>Social behavior</li> <li>Spatial relations</li> </ul>	<p><b>Example Genres &amp; Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chants &amp; songs</li> <li>Concepts about print</li> <li>Environmental print</li> <li>Fairy tales</li> <li>Forms of print</li> <li>Make-believe</li> <li>Nursery rhymes</li> <li>Picture books</li> <li>Rhyme</li> <li>Same &amp; different</li> <li>Sounds &amp; symbols (Phonemic awareness)</li> <li>Story elements</li> </ul>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attributes</li> <li>Equivalency</li> <li>Geometric shapes</li> <li>Measurement of time</li> <li>Non-standard measurement tools</li> <li>Number sense</li> <li>Numbers &amp; operations</li> <li>Patterns</li> <li>Quantity</li> <li>Size</li> <li>Spatial relations</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Weight</li> </ul>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Air</li> <li>Animals</li> <li>Body parts</li> <li>Change in self &amp; environment</li> <li>Colors</li> <li>Forces in nature</li> <li>Living &amp; non-living things</li> <li>Night/Day</li> <li>Rocks</li> <li>Safety practices</li> <li>Scientific process</li> <li>Seasons</li> <li>Senses</li> <li>Water</li> <li>Weather</li> </ul>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change from past to present</li> <li>Classroom/School</li> <li>Clothing</li> <li>Community workers</li> <li>Families</li> <li>Food</li> <li>Friends</li> <li>Historical stories &amp; legends</li> <li>Homes in a community/ Habitats</li> <li>Location of objects &amp; places</li> <li>Neighborhood</li> <li>Seasons</li> <li>Shelter</li> <li>Symbols &amp; holidays</li> <li>Transportation</li> </ul>



## ELP Standard 1: Social and Instructional Language, Formative Framework

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Music &amp; movement</b>	Mimic musical beats or movements modeled by teachers in a whole group (e.g., hop, hop, jump; one clap, two claps)	Respond to chants based on illustrations using gestures, movement or instruments modeled by teachers in a whole group	Respond to songs based on illustrations using gestures, movement or instruments modeled by teachers in a whole group	Interpret songs, (e.g., melodies from diverse cultures) based on illustrations through movement or playing of instruments in small groups or whole class	Follow lyrics of songs and respond accordingly in small groups or whole class (e.g., “Put your right foot in...”)
SPEAKING	<b>Spatial relations</b>	Repeat answers to questions about position or location of real-life objects or persons (e.g., “Where’s Maria? <i>Here.</i> ”)	Answer questions or commands about position or location of real-life objects or persons using relational words (e.g., “Where’s the bunny? <i>Over there.</i> ”)	Relate position or location of real-life objects or persons using phrases (e.g., “under the table,” “on the floor,” “in the corner”)	Indicate contrasting or opposite position or location of real-life objects or persons using phrases or short sentences (e.g., “The ball goes <i>up.</i> The ball comes <i>down.</i> ”)	Describe position or location of real-life objects or persons using sentences
READING	<b>Hygiene &amp; safety</b>	Identify environmental print related to hygiene or safety around classroom or school (e.g., washrooms, fire extinguisher) in L1 or L2	Find real-life objects or pictures related to hygiene or safety that match environmental print around classroom or school (e.g., labels for soap, sink) in L1 or L2	Identify icons, symbols and words related to hygiene or safety found in environmental print or pictures around classroom or school in L1 or L2	Connect environmental print or pictures related to hygiene or safety to teacher reading of illustrated books in L1 or L2	Share “oral reading” of illustrated books related to hygiene or safety with a partner
WRITING	<b>Games</b>	Produce drawings of familiar games from home or school based on class models using language experience in L1 or L2	Describe familiar games from home or school based on class models using language experience in L1 or L2	Tell how to play familiar games from home or school based on class models using language experience in L1 or L2	Depict stories about familiar games from home or school with the class using language experience in L1 or L2	Create class books about games from home or school using language experience in L1 or L2

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Recreational objects &amp; activities</b>	Identify recreational objects (e.g., balls, swings) from pictures (e.g., of school, playground or park scenes) as directed orally	Follow one-step oral directions from pictures of recreational objects used in activities and oral statements	Follow two-step oral directions pertaining to use of recreational objects in activities from pictures and oral descriptions (e.g., “Pick up the ball. Then give it to a friend.”)	Indicate use of recreational objects in activities from pictures and complex oral directions (e.g., “Show me how to pass the ball from person to person.”)	Simulate playing activities according to pictures and sequential oral descriptions (e.g., “Make two rows. Choose a friend. Have the friend go between the rows.”)
SPEAKING	<b>Social behavior</b>	Repeat polite words or expressions when modeled (e.g., “Please” and “Thank you”) in short dialogues	Make polite requests from models or gestures (e.g., “Please sit down.”)	Use polite language in conversations (e.g., role play, telephone talk)	Give compliments, offer apologies or express gratitude within conversations	Adapt polite language to social situations appropriate to audience
READING	<b>Classroom</b>	Pair shapes of words related to illustrated classroom objects with print versions	Match labeled pictures of familiar objects to those in illustrated classroom scenes (e.g., “Here is a picture with a word inside. Find the same word.”)	Associate initial sounds or letters of illustrated classroom objects with words in print	Distinguish letters, words and sentences in illustrated classroom scenes	Identify words or phrases within illustrated classroom scenes
WRITING	<b>Routines</b>	Trace, copy or depict daily routines in drawings	Reproduce initial letters associated with daily routines from labeled drawings or illustrated models	Label pictures of daily routines from illustrated models using words with invented spellings	Describe daily routines from illustrated models using words and phrases with invented spellings	Compose notes about daily routines using phrases or short sentences with invented spellings

Level 6 - Reaching



## ELP Standard 2: The Language of Language Arts, Formative Framework

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Concepts about print</b>	Point to features of big books in a large group (e.g., “cover,” “title,” “author,” “illustrator”) according to oral commands	Show directionality of print in various sources in a large group (e.g., left to right, beginning/ending of pages, top/bottom) according to oral commands	Identify features of text in context with a partner (e.g., spaces between words, sentences) according to oral directions	Sort features of text with a partner (e.g., lower/upper case letters, periods/question marks) according to oral directions	Match illustrations to oral reading of related sentences or short stories
SPEAKING	<b>Nursery rhymes</b>	Repeat key words in rhymes from picture cues in a whole group	Chant phrases or short sentences in rhymes using gestures from picture cues in a whole group	Rehearse short rhymes using gestures from picture cues in whole or small groups	Complete short rhymes using gestures from picture cues in whole or small groups	Recite rhymes using gestures from memory in whole or small groups
READING	<b>Same &amp; different</b>	Match pictures and icons with those that are the same with a partner	Sort pictures and icons that are the same or different with a partner	Classify illustrated words that are the same or different with a partner	Identify letters in illustrated words that are the same or different with a partner	Point out features of words that are the same and different with a partner (e.g., capital v. lower case letters)
WRITING	<b>Sounds &amp; symbols</b>	Experiment making symbols or letters from models using realia (e.g., in the sand, from play dough)	Reproduce symbols or letters from models using realia (e.g., straws)	Trace symbols or letters associated with pictures or realia	Copy symbols or letters of beginning sounds from labeled pictures in context	Produce letters of beginning sounds from pictures in context

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Make-believe</b>	Identify pictures of make-believe animals or persons as modeled orally (e.g., “Here is a make believe horse. Find another one.”)	Match make-believe pictures of animals or persons to oral statements (e.g., “This make-believe horse has a horn. Find one <i>without</i> a horn.”)	Place pictures of make-believe animals or persons according to oral directions (e.g., “First is the girl; she is the princess. The prince is next to her.”)	Arrange pictures of make-believe animals or persons in logical order according to oral directions	Organize pictures to create make-believe stories (e.g., beginning, middle, end) according to descriptive oral discourse
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Rhyme</b>	Repeat words or phrases from rhymes supported by illustrations	Complete phrases from rhymes supported by illustrated models	Describe persons or events in rhymes supported by illustrations	Discuss what happens (plot or events) in rhymes supported by illustrations	Paraphrase rhymes supported by illustrations
<b>READING</b>	<b>Forms of print</b>	Distinguish between illustrated examples of print and non-print	Match illustrated examples of the same form of print (e.g., two signs, two magazines)	Match functions of different forms of print with illustrated examples (e.g., notes, lists, menus)	Identify elements of print (e.g., letters, words, sentences) represented in illustrated forms	Find elements of print in different forms (e.g., the same word in different fonts)
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Environmental print</b>	Draw or trace examples of environmental print (e.g., from foods or clothes)	Copy examples of environmental print from labeled icons or objects	Produce names of objects or icons represented in environmental print using invented spellings (e.g., ☀ = sun)	List examples of environmental print in illustrated scenes using icons, words or phrases with invented spellings	Use examples of environmental print in illustrated scenes to produce phrases or short sentences with invented spellings

Level 6 - Reaching

## ELP Standard 3: The Language of Mathematics, Formative Framework

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Non-standard measurement tools</b>	Associate size of real-life objects (e.g., “big,” “little”) with non-standard measurement tools with a partner as modeled orally	Sort real-life objects by size (e.g., “short,” “long”) using non-standard measurement tools with a partner as modeled orally	Determine size of real-life objects using non-standard measurement tools (e.g., three hands long) with a partner as modeled orally	Estimate size of objects from pictures using non-standard measurement tools with a partner as directed orally	Rank size of objects described according to non-standard measurement tools with a partner as directed orally	<b>Level 6- Reaching</b>
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Quantity</b>	Participate in and supply quantity words in songs and chants in a whole group (e.g., “ <i>One, two</i> , button my shoe.”)	Complete phrases in songs and chants involving quantity in a whole group (e.g., “ <i>One potato, two potato, _____.</i> ”)	Repeat verses and chants involving quantity in a whole group	Provide sentences or lines from songs and chants involving quantity in a whole group	Initiate and lead songs and chants involving quantity in a whole group	
<b>READING</b>	<b>Attributes</b>	Identify icons or pictures of real-life objects with a single attribute as modeled (e.g., “This is a toy. Find the picture of a toy.”)	Classify icons or pictures of real-life objects with a single attribute that belong and don’t belong to a group as modeled	Identify icons or pictures of real-life objects with two attributes that belong to a group as modeled (e.g., “Find the big, yellow ones.”)	Sort labeled icons or pictures of real-life objects with two attributes into groups as modeled	Arrange labeled icons or pictures of real-life objects with two attributes by group membership as modeled (e.g., <i>small</i> animals with four legs)	
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Equivalency</b>	Draw or trace matched pairs of real-life objects as modeled and directed orally (e.g., two hands, two feet)	Connect 1:1 matched sets of real-life objects or pictures as modeled and directed orally (e.g., three pencils with three pencils)	Trace numerals that correspond to matched sets of real-life objects or pictures as modeled and directed orally	Make or reproduce numerals up to number ten with various materials that correspond to matched sets of pictures from word walls or word banks as modeled	Supply numerals and number words that correspond to matched sets of pictures from word walls or word banks	

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Patterns</b>	Imitate pattern sounds with physical movement from modeling (e.g., clap, snap, stomp)	Select “What comes first, next or last?” in illustrated patterns according to oral directions	Sort patterns from non-patterns in pictures from oral directions	Identify patterns from pictures (e.g., “girl, boy, girl, boy”) from oral directions	Form patterns from pictures (e.g., “the tall girl, the short girl, the tall boy, the short boy”) from detailed oral directions
SPEAKING	<b>Size</b>	Indicate size of objects in pictures (e.g., “small,” “big”) using gestures and words	Specify size of objects in pictures (e.g., “a small ball,” “a big ball”)	Compare the size of two objects in pictures using phrases (e.g., “the smaller ball”)	Make statements about size from pictures or illustrated scenes (e.g., “This is the <i>biggest</i> .”)	Make up related sentences or “stories” about differences in size using comparative language from illustrated scenes
READING	<b>Geometric shapes</b>	Match pictures of real-life objects (e.g., books or windows) with figures of geometric shapes	Classify pictures of real-life objects according to geometric shapes (e.g., circles or squares)	Sort diagrams of geometric shapes according to their first letter (e.g., “c” or “r”)	Find pairs of matching words and diagrams of geometric shapes	Identify words for geometric shapes from labeled diagrams
WRITING	<b>Time</b>	Draw, trace or copy pictures from models to express times of day	Depict times of day (e.g., day or night) from illustrated scenes and models using icons, letters or scribble writings	Express times of day (e.g., morning, noon or night) from illustrated scenes and models using words with invented spellings	Complete “story” starters related to times of day from illustrated scenes and models using words or phrases with invented spellings	Produce “stories” about times of day related to events or actions using phrases or short sentences with invented spellings

Level 6 - Reaching

## ELP Standard 4: The Language of Science, Formative Framework

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Change in self &amp; environment</b>	Indicate change in self through gestures or environment from pictures, according to oral commands	Match pictures or photographs of offspring with adults following oral models (e.g., from seeds to plants, from kittens to cats) as examples of change	Identify stages of development in pictures of self or organisms in the environment following oral models as examples of change	Sort illustrated activities by stages of development of self or organisms in the environment following oral models as examples of change	Sequence illustrated activities that denote change in self or environment (e.g., life cycle of plants) as directed orally
SPEAKING	<b>Senses</b>	Associate senses with physical actions with a partner in L1 or L2	Give examples of uses of senses with a partner in L1 or L2 (e.g., “I see...”)	Describe everyday activities that involve senses with a partner in L1 or L2	Explain why senses are useful or important to a partner in L1 or L2	Predict how senses are affected by change (e.g., injury, temperature)
READING	<b>Animals</b>	Match outlines of animals to pictures or objects (e.g., fitting puzzle pieces) with a partner	Match pictures of animals with labels to animal icons with a partner	Sort pictures of animals with labels by first letter (e.g., cat, cow) with a partner	Find animal words in picture books and classrooms (e.g., on word walls, bulletin boards) with or without a partner	Classify pictures of animals with labels according to picture books (e.g., at the farm)
WRITING	<b>Colors</b>	Create “messages” in L1 or L2 by experimenting with or mixing colors (e.g., paints)	Practice making letters or scribble writings from models in L1 or L2 using a variety of colors and media	Produce letters and words with invented spellings in L1 or L2 based on model picture books or experiments about colors	Reproduce words or phrases with invented spellings in L1 or L2 found in picture books or experiments about colors	Compose “stories” about colors (e.g., rainbows) using drawings and words, phrases or short sentences with invented spellings in L1 or L2

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	Living & non-living things	Classify living or non-living things from oral statements and pictures	Match oral descriptions of living or non-living things with pictures (e.g., “It lives in water. It swims.”)	Identify living or non-living things from WH-questions and pictures (e.g., “Which animal has no legs?”)	Match features (e.g., feathers/birds, fur/dogs, skin/people) of living or non-living things according to pictures and oral directions	Organize pictures with labels or other graphic representations of features of living or non-living things described orally
SPEAKING	Weather	Name familiar objects in photographs or illustrations associated with weather conditions (e.g., “cloud”)	Describe weather conditions from photographs or illustrations (e.g., “windy”)	Predict weather conditions from illustrated scenes (e.g., “It’s going to rain.”)	Compare/contrast weather conditions in illustrated scenes	Express likes, dislikes or preferences, with reasons, related to weather conditions from illustrated scenes
READING	Body parts	Apply concepts of print to books about body parts (e.g., “The book is about eyes. Show me the title of the book.”)	Pair labeled pictures of body parts with matching icons	Associate labeled pictures of body parts with initial consonants (e.g., nose-n)	Find labeled pictures of body parts with the same initial consonant (e.g., fingers-feet)	Match pictures of body parts with words
WRITING	Scientific inquiry	Produce drawings of materials needed for scientific inquiry from labeled pictures	Copy names of materials needed for scientific inquiry from labeled pictures	Reproduce lists of materials needed for scientific inquiry (e.g., bean, water, soil) from labeled pictures using words with invented spellings	Describe materials used in scientific inquiry using words or phrases with invented spellings	Relate experiences from use of materials in scientific inquiry using phrases or short sentences with invented spellings

Level 6 - Reaching

## ELP Standard 5: The Language of Social Studies, Formative Framework

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Symbols &amp; holidays</b>	Point to or locate symbols or holiday scenes in classrooms, pictures or objects named orally (e.g., flags)	Show symbols of holidays from pictures or objects based on oral commands (e.g., a pumpkin with a face)	Match symbols of holidays with illustrated scenes based on oral directions	Identify symbols of holidays within illustrated scenes based on oral directions	Find symbols of holidays based on oral descriptions or oral reading
SPEAKING	<b>Clothing</b>	Repeat names of and identify clothing on self or peers when modeled in L1 or L2	Brainstorm names of articles of clothing (e.g., “shorts,” “pants”) with peers in L1 or L2	Describe clothing on self to peers in phrases or short sentences	Describe, with details, clothing worn by peers or by characters in picture books (e.g., “He has a red and blue sweater.”)	Give reasons for wearing different kinds of clothing
READING	<b>Seasons</b>	Categorize pictures according to names of seasons in a whole group	Find labeled illustrations or photographs modeled on word walls or displays of seasons in small groups	Match labeled illustrations or photographs of seasons to those in trade books in small groups	Compare labeled illustrations of seasons in various trade books in small groups	Identify words associated with seasons in illustrated expository text in small groups
WRITING	<b>Self &amp; family</b>	Draw self-portrait and copy or trace name	Draw family portrait from models or photographs and identify people by initials	Draw family members from models or photographs and label people and pets	Draw and describe family members using words or phrases with invented spellings	Produce illustrated “stories” about self and family using phrases or short sentences with invented spellings


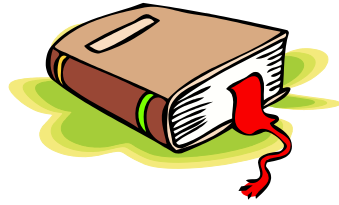


	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	Level 6 - Reaching
LISTENING	Transportation	Associate sounds of different modes of transportation with pictures (e.g., “Which goes choo choo?”)	Identify modes of transportation from visually supported rhymes or chants (e.g., “The Wheels on the Bus”)	Match pictures of modes of transportation with descriptive statements (e.g., “Airplanes go fast.”)	Pair modes of transportation with their environment (e.g., “Jets fly in the air.”) based on pictures and oral directions	Differentiate modes of transportation from the past or present based on pictures and oral descriptions	
SPEAKING	Homes in a community/ Habitats	Repeat names of different types of homes or habitats from models and illustrations (e.g., “house,” “nest”)	Match homes or habitats to animals in illustrated scenes using phrases or chunks of language (e.g., “bee hive,” “in a pond”)	Describe different types of homes or habitats from illustrated scenes using phrases or short sentences	Compare/contrast different types of homes or habitats from illustrated scenes using related sentences	Provide detailed information about homes or habitats (e.g., personal address or “Birds live in nests in trees.”)	
READING	Food	Recognize food-related symbols or icons in illustrations	Match labeled pictures with words about food from various sources (e.g., labels on cans or cartons)	Find labeled pictures of food by initial sounds or consonants (e.g., “pineapple,” “peas”)	Sort pictures of food by initial sounds or consonants (e.g., “Find foods that start with the letter B.”)	Identify food words in illustrated phrases or short sentences	
WRITING	School	Draw personal responses to people, places or objects in school from pictures or models	Represent people, places or objects in school from pictures and models using letters or scribble writings	Label people, places or objects in school from pictures and models using words with invented spellings	Make lists of people, places or objects in school from pictures and models using words or phrases with invented spellings	Create “stories” about people, places or objects in school from pictures using phrases or short sentences with invented spellings	





## Example Topics and Genres: Content Related to WIDA's English Language Proficiency Standards

These examples, representative of state academic content standards, provide context for the English language development described in the strands of Model Performance Indicators.

Standard 1: Social and Instructional language	Standard 2: The language of Language Arts	Standard 3: The language of Mathematics	Standard 4: The language of Science	Standard 5: The language of Social Studies
<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Classroom &amp; school rules</li> <li>Everyday objects</li> <li>Feelings &amp; emotions</li> <li>Following directions</li> <li>Interests, opinions &amp; preferences</li> <li>Leisure activities</li> <li>Likes, dislikes &amp; needs</li> <li>Personal correspondence</li> <li>Personal information</li> <li>School areas, personnel &amp; activities</li> <li>Sharing/Cooperation</li> </ul> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	<p><b>Example Genres</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fiction (literary text)</li> <li>Folktales</li> <li>Non-fiction (expository text)</li> <li>Pattern books/ Predictable books</li> <li>Poetry</li> </ul> <p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compound words</li> <li>Elements of story</li> <li>Homophones</li> <li>Phonemic awareness</li> <li>Phonics</li> <li>Rhyming words</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Sequence of story</li> <li>Spatial relations</li> <li>Story elements</li> <li>Story telling</li> <li>Word families</li> </ul> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Basic operations (addition &amp; subtraction)</li> <li>Capacity</li> <li>Estimation</li> <li>Graphs</li> <li>Interpretation of data</li> <li>Money</li> <li>Number sense</li> <li>Patterns</li> <li>Place value</li> <li>Quantity</li> <li>Shapes</li> <li>Size</li> <li>Standard &amp; metric measurement tools</li> <li>Symmetry</li> <li>Time (digital &amp; analog)</li> <li>Two- and three-dimensional shapes</li> <li>Weight</li> <li>Whole numbers</li> </ul> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Animals</li> <li>Astronomy</li> <li>Body parts</li> <li>Change</li> <li>Chemical &amp; physical attributes</li> <li>Earth &amp; sky</li> <li>Force &amp; motion</li> <li>Gravity</li> <li>Life cycles</li> <li>Light</li> <li>Living &amp; non-living things</li> <li>Magnetism</li> <li>Natural resources</li> <li>Organisms &amp; environment</li> <li>Plants</li> <li>Renewable &amp; non-renewable resources</li> <li>Senses</li> <li>Sound</li> <li>Water cycle</li> <li>Weather</li> <li>Weathering &amp; erosion</li> </ul>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Artifacts of the past</li> <li>Celebrations/Customs</li> <li>Citizenship</li> <li>Community workers</li> <li>Cultural heritage</li> <li>Families &amp; responsibilities</li> <li>Historical figures &amp; leaders</li> <li>Homes &amp; habitats</li> <li>Indigenous peoples &amp; cultures</li> <li>Jobs &amp; careers</li> <li>Land forms/Bodies of water</li> <li>Money &amp; banking</li> <li>Neighborhoods &amp; communities</li> <li>Products in the marketplace</li> <li>Representations of the earth (maps &amp; globes)</li> <li>Seasons</li> <li>Time &amp; chronology</li> <li>Use of resources &amp; land</li> </ul> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>

## ELP Standard 1: Social and Instructional Language, Formative Framework

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Following directions</b>	Follow oral directions according to simple commands using manipulatives or real-life objects (e.g., “Show me your paper.”)	Follow oral directions according to complex commands using manipulatives or real-life objects (e.g., “Put the cubes in a row across the paper.”)	Follow oral directions by comparing them with visual cues, nonverbal cues or modeling (e.g., “Fold the paper in half. Then place it on your table the long way.”)	Follow oral directions without visual or nonverbal support and check with a peer (e.g., “Put your name on the top line of the paper.”)	Follow a series of oral directions without support (e.g., “Put your name on the left-hand side of the paper. Then put the date on the right-hand side.”)
SPEAKING	<b>Likes, dislikes &amp; needs</b>	Answer yes/no or choice questions about likes or dislikes with a partner in L1 or L2 (e.g., “Do you like school?”)	Share likes, dislikes or needs with a partner in L1 or L2	Paraphrase or combine likes, dislikes or needs with a partner (e.g., “She likes cake and ice cream.”) in L1 or L2	Give reasons for likes, dislikes or needs with a partner (e.g., “I like _____ because...” in L1 or L2	Convince a partner to share your likes, dislikes or needs in L1 or L2
READING	<b>Leisure activities</b>	Match icons or pictures to same on board games or other leisure activities with a partner	Place labeled pictures with corresponding pictures on board games or other leisure activities with a partner	Respond to words or phrases on board games or other leisure activities by carrying out actions with a partner	Carry out directions according to a series of sentences for board games or other leisure activities with a partner	Follow grade-level written directions for board games or other leisure activities
WRITING	<b>Feelings &amp; emotions</b>	Draw or orally dictate personal experiences involving feelings and emotions in L1 or L2 from pictures or photographs	Label personal experiences involving feelings and emotions in L1 or L2 using pictures or photographs	Produce phrases or sentences about personal experiences involving feelings and emotions in L1 or L2	Maintain diaries or journals of related sentences about personal experiences involving feelings and emotions in L1 or L2	Compose illustrated stories based on personal experiences involving feelings and emotions

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	Level 6 - Reaching
LISTENING	School areas, personnel & activities	Identify symbols, objects or people associated with classrooms or school areas, personnel or activities from pictures and oral statements (e.g., "Office" or "Exit")	Locate school areas, personnel or activities from pictures and oral descriptive phrases (e.g., "corner of the room," "washroom down the hall")	Relate school areas, personnel or activities described orally in a series of sentences to illustrated school or classroom scenes	Sort school areas, personnel or activities from non-school areas, personnel or activities according to oral descriptions with visual support (e.g., "Which person works outside the school?")	Match oral descriptions of school areas, personnel or activities with individual needs or situations (e.g., "If..., then...", "Suppose...")	
SPEAKING	Everyday objects	Name everyday objects depicted visually in real-life contexts (e.g. "paper" in a classroom scene)	Tell primary function or use of everyday objects depicted visually (e.g., "You write on it.")	Relate multiple functions or uses of everyday objects depicted visually (e.g., "I do homework on the table and eat dinner there.")	Compare/contrast uses of everyday objects depicted visually (e.g., "I wash myself with soap. I dry myself with a towel.")	Evaluate and give reasons for usefulness of everyday objects (e.g., "Pencils are better than crayons for writing. You can write neater with pencils.")	
READING	Sharing/ Cooperation	Match illustrated words with a word bank about cooperation or sharing	Identify illustrated phrases reflective of cooperation or sharing (e.g., "I help.")	Find examples of cooperation or sharing in illustrated sentences (e.g., "I give her my book.")	Select illustrated pairs of sentences reflective of cooperation or sharing (e.g., "I give her my book. She gives me hers.")	Identify titles or main ideas illustrative of cooperation or sharing based on grade-level text	
WRITING	Personal correspondence	Trace, copy or produce words about self using models and pictures	Make lists for varying personal purposes using models and pictures (e.g., school supplies)	Relate personal facts (e.g., to pen pals) using models and pictures (e.g., "I play soccer.")	Produce personal messages for friends or family using models and pictures	Compose personal stories from pictures or illustrated scenes	

ELP Standard 2: The Language of Language Arts, Formative Framework



		Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Pattern books/ Predictable books	Identify characters, places or objects from visuals and oral phrases in illustrated pattern or predictable books after numerous recitations	Match visuals of characters, places or objects with oral statements from illustrated pattern or predictable books after numerous recitations	Compare/contrast visuals of characters, places or objects from a series of oral sentences from illustrated pattern or predictable books after numerous recitations	Interpret visual connections between characters, places or objects in pages read aloud from illustrated pattern or predictable books	Draw conclusions about characters, places or objects from pattern or predictable books read aloud
	<b>Example Topic</b> Role play	Follow along with classmates in role play activities modeled and described orally (e.g., gestures for songs, chants or poems)	Role play familiar, everyday activities modeled in illustrated books read by teachers in small groups	Role play characters in plays, videos or illustrated stories read by teachers in small groups	Reenact scenes in plays, videos or illustrated stories read by teachers in small groups	Dramatize grade-level stories that are read by teachers or viewed
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Fiction (literary text)	Name people (e.g., “boy,” “man”) or objects depicted on illustrated covers of fictional stories with a partner in L1 or L2	Describe people or objects in titles and illustrated covers of fictional stories with a partner in L1 or L2	Predict ideas in storylines based on titles and illustrated covers of fictional stories and share with a partner	Make up the beginning of storylines based on titles and illustrated covers of fictional stories and share with a partner	Connect storylines to personal experiences based on titles and illustrated covers of fictional stories
	<b>Example Topic</b> Story telling	Repeat new language related to story pictures or wordless picture books modeled by teachers	Describe people or places depicted in story pictures or wordless picture books in small groups or pairs	State actions of characters or describe events depicted in story pictures or wordless picture books in small groups or pairs	Tell stories from pictures or wordless picture books in small groups or pairs	Create original stories from a series of pictures, wordless picture books or personal experiences

Level 6 - Reaching

		Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	Level 6 - Reaching
READING	<b>Example Genre</b>	Pair illustrated features or photographs of places or objects with icons in non-fiction books in small groups	Connect illustrated features or photographs of places or objects with descriptive words or phrases in non-fiction books in small groups	Compare/contrast illustrated features of places or objects using graphic organizers and phrases or short sentences in non-fiction books in small groups	Categorize illustrated features of places or objects using graphic organizers and sentences in non-fiction books in small groups	Summarize features of places or objects from multiple compound sentences in non-fiction books	
	<b>Non-fiction (expository text)</b>						
	<b>Example Topic</b>	Demonstrate awareness of unique sounds by pointing or through gestures	Match voice to print by pointing to icons, letters or illustrated words	Cross-check pictures with phonics clues with a partner	Use phonics clues to sound out illustrated words in context	Predict words or phrases based on context cues in grade-level text	
	<b>Phonics</b>						
	<b>Sequence of story</b>	Sequence a series of pictures to tell stories	Match a series of pictures that tell stories with sequence words (e.g., “first,” “then,” “last”)	Select titles that correspond to a sequence of pictures	Sequence a series of sentences to related pictures	Sequence short paragraphs to tell stories	
WRITING	<b>Example Genre</b>	Copy words related to settings or characters in illustrated folktales from word walls or big books	Describe settings or characters in illustrated folktales from phrase walls or big books	Compare/contrast two characters, settings or events in illustrated folktales using graphic organizers with a partner	Relate sequence of events to characters and settings in illustrated folktales using graphic organizers with a partner	Connect events, characters or morals in illustrated folktales to self	
	<b>Folktales</b>						
	<b>Example Topic</b>	Reproduce symbols, letters or pictures of rhyming pairs from illustrated charts or displays with a partner	Pair rhyming words from illustrated charts or displays with a partner	Produce and organize rhyming words from pictures on charts, displays or graphic organizers with a partner	Use rhyming words in phrases or short sentences from illustrated charts or displays with a partner	Create original stories or poems using rhyming words in sentences from charts or displays	
	<b>Rhyming words</b>						

ELP Standard 2: The Language of Language Arts, Summative Framework



		Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Pattern books/ Predictable books	Identify characters, places or objects from visuals and oral phrases in illustrated pattern or predictable books	Match visuals of characters, places or objects with oral statements from illustrated pattern or predictable books	Compare/contrast visuals of characters, places or objects from a series of oral sentences from illustrated pattern or predictable books	Interpret visual connections between characters, places or objects in paragraphs or pages read aloud from illustrated pattern or predictable books	Draw conclusions about main ideas from pattern or predictable books read aloud
	<b>Example Topic</b> Sequence of story	Match pictures to sentences read aloud	Order pictures of related sentences read aloud that use sequential language (e.g., first, second, last; first, then, next)	Sequence pictures of stories read aloud by beginning, middle and end	Match story sequence read aloud to a series of pictures (e.g., “Once upon a time...and they lived happily ever after.”)	Select logical outcomes or endings to stories read aloud
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Fiction (literary text)	Name people (e.g., “boy,” “man”) or objects depicted in illustrated covers of fictional stories	Describe people or objects in titles and illustrated covers of fictional stories	Predict ideas in storylines based on titles and illustrated covers of fictional stories	Make up the beginning of storylines based on titles and illustrated covers of fictional stories	Relate storylines to personal experiences based on titles and illustrated covers of fictional stories
	<b>Example Topic</b> Story elements	Name persons (characters) or settings of stories from picture books	Describe characters or settings of stories from picture books	State main ideas or themes of stories, including characters or settings, from picture books or illustrated short stories	Narrate main events of plot sequences in given time frames of picture books or illustrated short stories	Re/tell stories using story elements from picture books or short stories

Level 6 - Reaching

		Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>READING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Non-fiction (expository text)	Pair illustrated features or photographs of places or objects with icons in non-fiction books (e.g., ☺ and a person's face)	Connect illustrated features or photographs of places or objects with descriptive words or phrases in non-fiction books	Compare/contrast illustrated features of places or objects using graphic organizers and phrases or short sentences in non-fiction books	Categorize illustrated features of places or objects using graphic organizers and sentences in non-fiction books	Summarize features of places or objects from multiple compound sentences in non-fiction books
	<b>Example Topic</b> Phonemic awareness	Recognize sounds in spoken words with accompanying illustrations	Blend sounds together to make words, shown visually	Remove or add sounds to existing words to make new words, shown visually (e.g., "Cover up the t in cart. What do you have now?")	Segment illustrated sentences into words or phrases	Identify spell/sound correspondence in grade-level text
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Folktales	Select and copy words related to settings or characters in illustrated folktales from word banks	Describe settings or characters in illustrated folktales from phrase banks	Compare/contrast two characters, settings or events in illustrated folktales using graphic organizers	Describe sequence of events related to characters and settings in illustrated folktales using graphic organizers	Connect events, characters or morals in illustrated folktales to self
	<b>Example Topic</b> Word families	Reproduce illustrated word pairs by families (e.g., cat, hat)	Generate lists of word families from illustrated models	Make statements or questions about illustrated word families	Describe illustrated word families using related sentences	Create stories about word families

Level 6 - Reaching



## ELP Standard 3: The Language of Mathematics, Formative Framework



	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Graphs</b> <b>Interpretation of data</b>	Shade or color graphs according to oral commands modeled by a teacher (e.g., “Here is a graph. Color this bar red.”)	Identify data in graphs from oral commands or questions modeled by a teacher (e.g., “Which bar shows the most?”)	Locate information on graphs based on oral statements or questions (e.g., “Which bar shows that most people like ice cream?”) and check with a partner	Display comparative data on graphs according to oral commands (e.g., “Fill in the graph to say there are more girls than boys.”) and check with a partner	Interpret data on graphs from oral descriptions (e.g., “Which graph says, ‘Most children are wearing red, some are wearing blue and the fewest are wearing green?’”)	<b>Level 6 - Reaching</b>
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Number sense</b>	Provide identifying information that involves real-world numbers (e.g., age, address or telephone number) to a partner	Give examples of things with real-world numbers (e.g., room numbers, bus numbers or calendars) to a partner	Exchange examples of how or when to use numbers outside of school with a partner (e.g., shopping)	Explain how to play games or activities that involve numbers (e.g., sports, board games, hopscotch) to a partner	Tell or make up stories or events that involve numbers	
<b>READING</b>	<b>Standard &amp; metric measurement tools</b>	Use diagrams to guide use of standard or metric measurement tools with a partner	Use labeled diagrams from texts to guide use of standard or metric measurement tools with a partner	Identify key phrases in illustrated text to use standard or metric measurement tools with a partner	Follow illustrated directions from text to compare tools for standard or metric measurement with a partner	Follow illustrated directions from text to use standard or metric measurement tools	
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Quantity</b>	Produce pictures with numerals or reproduce words associated with quantities from models (e.g., from newspapers or magazines)	Take dictation or make notes of examples of phrases associated with quantities in everyday situations (e.g., “a little of,” “a lot of”)	Provide examples of quantities in context (e.g. “a bunch of grapes”) using phrases or short sentences	Describe uses of quantities in everyday math with illustrated examples using sentences	Explain importance of everyday math using quantities in real-life situations (e.g., when shopping or cooking) using a series of related sentences	

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	Level 6 - Reaching
LISTENING	Two- & three-dimensional shapes	Identify two- or three-dimensional shapes depicted in illustrations described orally (e.g., “Find a shape like the sun.”)	Match attributes of two- or three-dimensional shapes described orally to objects	Identify objects composed of multiple two- or three-dimensional shapes described orally (e.g., “Put a sphere or ball on either side of a cylinder. What do you see?”)	Construct two- or three-dimensional figures described orally (e.g., “Put two lines up and down and two lines across. What shape do you have?”)	Change attributes of two- or three-dimensional shapes to make others based on oral discourse (e.g., “Take one side away from a square. Then move the three line segments to make a shape. What do you have?”)	
SPEAKING	Basic operations	Recite math-related words or phrases related to basic operations from pictures of everyday objects and oral statements	Restate or paraphrase basic operations from oral statements, referring to pictures of everyday objects (e.g., “Ten pencils <i>and</i> ten more are twenty.”)	Describe representations of basic operations from pictures of everyday objects and oral descriptions (e.g., “There are seven dogs <i>altogether</i> .”)	Compare/contrast language of basic operations from pictures and oral descriptions (e.g., “Tell me different ways to say this math sentence...”)	Explain basic operations involved in problem solving using pictures and grade-level oral descriptions	
READING	Estimation Money	Match labeled pictures with general words related to estimation (e.g., “a lot,” “a little”) to pictures of varying quantities	Match words or phrases related to estimation (e.g., “about 20 cents”) to illustrated word banks of varying quantities	Identify language associated with estimation in illustrated phrases or sentences (e.g., “I see <i>close to</i> 100 nickels.”)	Distinguish between language of estimation (e.g., “I have <i>almost</i> one dollar.”) and language of precision (“I have one dollar.”) in illustrated sentences	Order illustrated sentences involving the language of estimation used to solve grade-level problems	
WRITING	Whole numbers	Find and reproduce number words (e.g., from 1-100) from an assortment of labeled visuals	Distinguish number words from other math words using graphic or visual support and word banks	Group numbers presented in graphs or visuals using phrases or short sentences (e.g., “This group has more than 40.”)	Compare numbers in graphs or visuals using sentences (e.g., “85 is greater than 75. It goes up higher in the table.”)	Describe illustrated scenes or events using numbers in a series of related sentences	

## ELP Standard 4: The Language of Science, Formative Framework

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Force &amp; motion</b>	Explore movement of real-life objects by following oral commands and modeling (e.g., “Push the ball. Watch it move. Make it stop.”)	Move real-life objects by following multi-step oral directions (e.g., “The car goes backwards. The car then goes forwards. Finally, it stops.”)	Compare movement of objects based on oral statements by pointing to pictures or demonstrating using real-life objects (e.g., “Show me which goes fastest: bikes, buses or airplanes.”)	Predict movement of objects by pointing to pictures or demonstrating based on oral statements (e.g., “Show what happens when you let go of balloons.”)	Role play effects of force on motion through gestures or demonstration based on oral scenarios
SPEAKING	<b>Earth &amp; sky</b>	Name objects of the earth or sky from observation, photographs or models	Describe objects of the earth or sky from observation, photographs or models (e.g., “The sun is big and yellow.”)	State relationships between objects of earth or sky using diagrams, photographs or models (e.g., “Mercury is closest to the sun.”)	Discuss and show changes in the earth and sky using diagrams, photographs or models (e.g., seasons, day/night)	Report, with details, on topics about the earth and sky (e.g., the Big Dipper) using diagrams, photographs or models
READING	<b>Natural resources</b>	Select labeled natural resources (e.g., sources of water) to make posters from magazine pictures with a partner	Search for words and pictures in big books or illustrated trade books associated with natural resources (e.g., rain or ice) with a partner	Identify illustrated phrases associated with the use of natural resources in activities (e.g., “go swimming”) with a partner	Classify illustrated sentences associated with the use/non-use of natural resources in activities with a partner	Sequence sentences to show the use of natural resources in activities (e.g., washing clothes)
WRITING	<b>Renewable &amp; non-renewable resources</b>	Label objects that represent renewable and non-renewable materials from real-life or illustrated examples (e.g., paper, cotton or wool) in L1 or L2	List examples of renewable and non-renewable materials from illustrated word/phrase banks using graphic organizers (e.g., T chart) in L1 or L2	Distinguish between renewable and non-renewable resources from pictures or real-life materials (e.g. using phrases or short sentences with opposites) in L1 or L2	Describe goods made from renewable or non-renewable resources from pictures or real-life materials using sentences	Evaluate usefulness of goods made from renewable and non-renewable resources using a series of related sentences

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	Level 6 - Reaching
LISTENING	Chemical & physical attributes	Identify objects according to chemical or physical properties from pictures and oral statements	Match objects according to chemical or physical properties from pictures and oral descriptions	Group objects according to chemical or physical properties from pictures and oral statements (e.g., “Water and milk are liquids. You can pour them. Find something else to pour.”)	Rank or compare objects according to chemical or physical properties from pictures and oral descriptions (e.g., “Which one is the coldest?”)	Identify chemical or physical change in properties of objects based on oral scenarios	
SPEAKING	Weather	Use words or phrases related to weather from pictures or photographs (e.g., “clouds in sky”)	Make statements about weather from pictures or photographs (e.g., “It’s raining.”)	Compare/contrast weather conditions from pictures, photographs or graphs	Forecast weather and provide reasons from pictures, photographs or graphs	Validate weather forecasts against pictures, photographs or graphs	
READING	Living organisms	Identify living organisms from labeled diagrams, pictures in graphs or charts	Sort living organisms according to descriptions of their attributes using pictures and phrases with graphic organizers (e.g., T charts)	Transfer information on living organisms and their attributes using pictures and sentences to complete graphs or charts	Compare living organisms according to their attributes using illustrated graphs or charts and text	Interpret graphs or charts related to living organisms and their attributes using explicit grade-level text	
WRITING	Change	Note difference or change by labeling drawings or copying words from word banks (e.g., baby to man)	Identify change according to stages of processes or cycles (e.g., from seeds to plants or from caterpillars to butterflies) using words or phrases	Describe change in processes or cycles depicted in visuals using phrases and short sentences	Compare/contrast change depicted in visuals using a series of sentences	Explain the process of change in visuals using connected sentences	

ELP Standard 5: The Language of Social Studies, Formative Framework



	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Neighborhoods/ Communities</b>	Match signs around neighborhoods with actions based on oral commands and pictures, realia or field trips (e.g., “Stop, look, listen” at railroad crossings) with a partner	Identify signs or places in communities from oral statements and pictures, realia or field trips (e.g., “Firefighters work here.”) with a partner	Locate places in relation to other places or signs in neighborhoods or communities from pictures, maps or field trips and oral statements (e.g., “The house is next to the park.”) with a partner	Find specific locations on neighborhood or community maps based on detailed oral statements (e.g., “The school is at the corner of First and Oak.”) with a partner	Construct or complete neighborhood or community maps with places and signs based on a series of oral directions	<b>Level 6 - Reaching</b>
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Families &amp; responsibilities</b>	State what families do based on gestures or modeling in small groups	Share personal responsibilities within a family based on pictures or role playing (e.g., “I feed the dog.”) in small groups	Compare responsibilities of family members (e.g., younger and older siblings) based on pictures, role playing or personal experiences in small groups	Propose changes to personal or family responsibilities based on role playing or personal experiences in small groups	Discuss or rate importance of personal or family responsibilities in small groups	
<b>READING</b>	<b>Money &amp; banking</b>	Use phonetic clues to sort or match real or visuals of currencies from around the world, (e.g., peso, penny)	Associate words or phrases related to currencies with illustrated word/phrase walls or picture books	Match simple sentences about familiar experiences with uses of currency shown in illustrations	Sequence illustrated sentences about familiar experiences with uses of currency to make a story	Select titles for grade-level stories about money and banking	
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Homes &amp; habitats</b>	Draw and label pictures of different types of homes or habitats from models (e.g., on bulletin boards)	Identify different types of homes or habitats from pictures or models using general vocabulary (e.g., “Birds <i>here</i> .”)	Describe different types of homes or habitats from pictures using some specific vocabulary (e.g., “Birds live in nests.”)	Compare different types of homes or habitats from illustrated scenes using specific vocabulary (e.g., hives v. caves)	Produce stories about different types of homes or habitats using grade-level vocabulary	

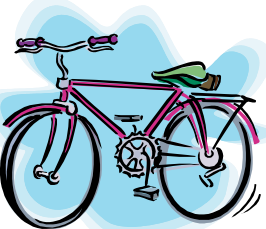
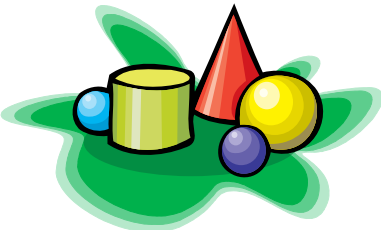

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Land forms/ Bodies of water</b>	Match land forms or bodies of water with illustrated scenes based on oral questions or directions	Identify characteristics of land forms or bodies of water from oral descriptions and visuals (e.g., “You see many hills. This one is the highest.”)	Classify or group land forms or bodies of water by common characteristics described orally with visuals (e.g., oceans, rivers, streams)	Locate land forms or bodies of water based on specific language, descriptive oral discourse and visuals	Differentiate land forms or bodies of water based on specific language and oral scenarios (e.g., mountains, hills or plateaus)
SPEAKING	<b>Community workers</b>	Name community workers shown doing their jobs in pictures or illustrated scenes	State roles of community workers in pictures or illustrated scenes	Describe encounters or interactions with community workers in illustrated scenes	Explain importance or contributions of community workers in illustrated scenes	Predict impact of community workers in emergencies or unusual situations
READING	<b>Artifacts of the past</b>	Match labeled pictures with illustrated artifacts of the past	Sort types of artifacts of the past (e.g., transportation v. communication) described in illustrated phrases	Compare/contrast information about artifacts of the past from illustrated text	Summarize information about artifacts of the past from illustrated text	Interpret explicit information about artifacts of the past from illustrated text
WRITING	<b>Products in the marketplace</b>	Reproduce or label pictures of products in the marketplace from illustrated word banks	Describe products in the marketplace from illustrated examples	Compare attributes of two products in the marketplace from illustrated examples	State uses of products in the marketplace from illustrated examples	Evaluate usefulness of products in the marketplace and give reasons for choices or decisions

Level 6 - Reaching



## Example Topics and Genres: Content Related to WIDA's English Language Proficiency Standards

These examples, representative of state academic content standards, provide context for the English language development described in the strands of Model Performance Indicators.

Standard 1: Social and Instructional language	Standard 2: The language of Language Arts	Standard 3: The language of Mathematics	Standard 4: The language of Science	Standard 5: The language of Social Studies
<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assignments</li> <li>Classroom supplies/Resources</li> <li>Following directions</li> <li>Health &amp; safety</li> <li>Information gathering</li> <li>Leisure activities</li> <li>Opinions</li> <li>Personal experiences</li> <li>Personal information</li> <li>Rules &amp; procedures</li> </ul> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	<p><b>Example Genres</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Biographies &amp; autobiographies</li> <li>Fables</li> <li>Fairy tales</li> <li>Fantasies</li> <li>Folklore</li> <li>Informational texts</li> <li>Legends</li> <li>Mysteries</li> <li>Myths</li> <li>Narratives</li> <li>Prose</li> <li>Science fiction</li> <li>Tall tales</li> </ul> <p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Affixes &amp; root words</li> <li>Comprehension strategies</li> <li>Conventions &amp; mechanics</li> <li>Editing &amp; revising</li> <li>Explicit &amp; inferential information</li> <li>Fact or opinion</li> <li>Fluency strategies</li> <li>Hyperbole</li> <li>Main ideas/Details</li> <li>Organization of texts</li> <li>Phonemes/Phonology</li> <li>Points of view</li> <li>Story elements &amp; types of genres</li> <li>Story grammar</li> <li>Text structure &amp; organization</li> </ul>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Angles</li> <li>Area</li> <li>Attributes of two- and three-dimensional shapes</li> <li>Basic operations (multiplication &amp; division)</li> <li>Cost/Money</li> <li>Data analysis</li> <li>Decimals</li> <li>Descriptive statistics</li> <li>Fractions</li> <li>Large whole numbers</li> <li>Metric system</li> <li>Patterns &amp; relationships</li> <li>Percent</li> <li>Perimeter</li> <li>Place value</li> <li>Polygons</li> <li>Scale</li> <li>Sets</li> <li>Strategies for problem solving</li> </ul> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Body systems</li> <li>Cells &amp; organisms</li> <li>Earth history/Materials</li> <li>Ecology &amp; conservation</li> <li>Ecosystems</li> <li>Electricity</li> <li>Energy sources</li> <li>Foods &amp; nutrition</li> <li>Forces of nature</li> <li>Fossils</li> <li>Geological forms</li> <li>Heat</li> <li>Living systems</li> <li>Magnetism</li> <li>Natural resources</li> <li>Nature</li> <li>Reproduction &amp; heredity</li> <li>Scientific inquiry</li> <li>Simple machines</li> <li>Solar system</li> <li>States of matter</li> <li>Weather patterns</li> </ul> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	<p><b>Example Topics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ancient civilizations</li> <li>Branches of government</li> <li>Colonization</li> <li>Communities</li> <li>Cross-cultural experiences</li> <li>Explorers</li> <li>Goods &amp; services</li> <li>Historical events, figures &amp; leaders</li> <li>Immigration/Migration</li> <li>Legends &amp; scales</li> <li>Maps &amp; globes/Locations</li> <li>Needs of groups, societies &amp; cultures</li> <li>Neighbors North &amp; South</li> <li>Prehistoric animals</li> <li>Resources &amp; products</li> <li>Times long ago</li> <li>Tools &amp; artifacts</li> <li>Topography: rivers, coasts, mountains, deserts, plains</li> <li>Trade routes</li> <li>U.S. documents</li> <li>U.S. regions</li> </ul>



ELP Standard 1: Social and Instructional Language, Formative Framework



	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Classroom supplies/ Resources</b>	Identify materials needed to complete tasks from realia and oral commands and check with a partner (e.g., “Take out a number 2 pencil.”)	Select materials or resources needed to complete tasks based on realia and compound sentences and check with a partner (e.g., “You need your activity sheet and math book.”)	Match materials or resources needed to complete tasks with their uses based on realia and oral directions and check with a partner	Sequence use of materials or resources needed to complete tasks based on realia and oral directions and check with a partner	Evaluate use of materials or resources needed to complete tasks based on oral discourse (e.g., “I may need to change my answer. Which kind of writing tool would be best?”)
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Information gathering</b>	Seek assistance from peers or teachers to gather information (e.g., for assignments) in L1 or L2	Respond to questions from peers or teachers about information gathering (e.g., finding meaning of words) in L1 or L2	Ask questions to obtain information to share with peers in L1 or L2	Clarify information by restating or rephrasing ideas to peers in L1 or L2	Offer specific information that supports ideas with peers
<b>READING</b>	<b>Personal experiences</b>	Identify words or phrases related to self or personal experiences from illustrated text or word/phrase walls	Make predictions from illustrated text using prior knowledge or personal experiences	Confirm predictions based on prior knowledge or personal experiences from illustrated text	Compare/contrast personal experiences with those in illustrated text	Evaluate validity of information in grade-level text based on personal experiences
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Health &amp; safety</b>	Draw, label or list substances or objects around school, home or community related to health or safety from visuals in L1 or L2	Describe health or safety practices around school, home or community from visuals (e.g., pedestrian safety) in L1 or L2	Sequence health or safety procedures or practices at school, home or community from visuals (e.g., fire or disaster drills, accidents on the playground) in L1 or L2	Provide examples and strategies for maintaining health or safety at school, home or community from visuals in L1 or L2	Create pieces (e.g., brochures or newsletters) about safety or health issues with classroom, school, home or community examples

Level 6 - Reaching

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	Level 6 - Reaching
LISTENING	<b>Following directions</b>	Follow one-step oral commands supported visually or modeled	Follow two-step oral commands supported visually that involve language of request (e.g., “Please open your book <i>and</i> point to a picture.”)	Follow multi-step oral commands supported visually that incorporate language of request (e.g., “I’m asking you to close your book, put it in your desk and get in line.”)	Follow a series of oral directions supported visually that involve language of request (e.g., “First, I would like you to... Then, please... Finally,...”)	Follow multiple linguistically complex oral directions that involve language of request (e.g., “Before you wash your hands, please be so kind as to clean up the mess under your desk.”)	
SPEAKING	<b>Personal information/ Opinions</b>	Produce words in response to WH-questions about self from picture prompts and models	Produce phrases or short sentences in response to personal, open-ended questions from picture prompts	Use sentences to provide information about self or opinions in response to picture prompts	Express connected ideas to relate personal information or opinions using picture prompts	Provide extended discourse with justification in regard to personal information or opinions	
READING	<b>Leisure activities</b>	Select general themes related to leisure activities from pictures and words or phrases (e.g., “Play ball.”)	Locate information in visually or graphically supported text on leisure activities (e.g., soccer schedule)	Identify overall message from visually or graphically supported examples of leisure activities	Compare information from visually or graphically supported text on leisure activities (e.g., soccer schedule for September and October)	Infer information on leisure activities from text (e.g., soccer team’s travel schedule)	
WRITING	<b>Rules or procedures</b>	Produce words/phrases associated with school rules or procedures from illustrated scenes and models	List dos and don’ts regarding school rules or procedures from illustrated scenes (e.g., “Don’t run in the halls.”)	Give examples of school rules or procedures from illustrated scenes for specific situations (e.g., fire drills, lunchroom)	Explain the usefulness or importance of school rules or procedures from illustrated scenes of specific situations	Discuss or propose modifications to or consequences of breaking school rules or procedures	

ELP Standard 2: The Language of Language Arts, Formative Framework



		Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Mysteries	Match pictures to individual clues based on oral statements with a partner	Identify pictures associated with solutions to short mysteries read aloud with a partner	Make predictions based on pictures of clues/pieces of evidence from mysteries and oral descriptions in cooperative groups	Sequence pictures of clues/pieces of evidence from mysteries read aloud in cooperative groups	Apply analogies of events or characters in mysteries read aloud to students' lives
	<b>Example Topic</b> Comprehension strategies	Point to letter combinations, words, parts of books or illustrations in response to teachers' reading of illustrated books to show comprehension	Gesture during shared reading of illustrated stories or trade books (e.g., giving thumbs-up/thumbs-down signals) to show comprehension	Follow directions (e.g., create word families or word walls) in response to group reading of illustrated stories or trade books to show comprehension	Respond non-verbally to teachers or peers (e.g., during guided reading) to demonstrate comprehension strategies	Connect information from oral reading of grade-level material to demonstrate comprehension strategies (e.g., "Show me two sentences that go together.")
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Fantasies	Answer WH- or choice questions about pictures of imaginary people, objects or situations from peers in L1 or L2	Describe pictures of imaginary people, objects or situations to peers in L1 or L2	Provide details of pictures of imaginary people, objects or situations to peers	Develop and enact scenarios from pictures of imaginary people, objects or situations with peers	Make up fantasies about imaginary people, objects or situations and share with peers
	<b>Example Topic</b> Points of view	Describe self with words and gestures (e.g., features, likes and dislikes)	Compare self with familiar persons (e.g., friends, family members, movie stars) using photographs, pictures or graphic organizers	Compare self with characters in literary works using graphic organizers or technology	Compare self with motives or points of view of characters in literary works using graphic organizers or technology	Explain differences between self-motives or points of view and those of characters in literary works using graphic organizers or technology

Level 6 - Reaching

		Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>READING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> <b>Biographies &amp; autobiographies</b>	Find identifying information on biographies from words or phrases in illustrated books or word/phrase walls using physical activity	Sequence events in biographical sketches in illustrated books using graphic organizers or physical activity	Sort relevant from irrelevant biographical information in illustrated books using graphic organizers or physical activity	Compare/contrast biographical information of two persons in illustrated books using graphic organizers or physical activity	Synthesize biographical information of two persons from grade-level material to form opinions on people
	<b>Example Topic</b> <b>Fact or opinion</b>	Match labels or identify facts from illustrations and phrases (e.g., “I see...,” “There is...”)	Identify language associated with fact in fiction or non-fiction illustrated paragraphs (e.g., “I know that...,” “It is true that...”)	Sort language associated with fact or opinion in fiction or non-fiction illustrated text (e.g., “I think that...,” “We believe that...,” “It could be...”)	Differentiate between statements of fact and opinion found in various illustrated reading selections	Identify authors’ purpose associated with fact or opinion in fiction or non-fiction from grade-level text
	<b>Fluency strategies</b>	Use cues for sounding out unfamiliar words with accompanying visuals	Match visually supported context cues with statements to find meaning and facilitate fluency	Show how to use punctuation cues to facilitate expression and fluency with visually supported text	Identify self-monitoring and self-correcting strategies to increase fluency with visually supported text	Apply strategies to adjust pace and expression while reading orally
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> <b>Narratives</b>	Respond to illustrated events using words or phrases based on models in round tables with peers	List illustrated events using phrases or short sentences based on models in round tables with peers	Describe a series of illustrated events using related sentences in narrative form based on models in round tables with peers	Narrate a series of illustrated events using paragraph transitions in narrative form based on models and peer edits	Produce grade-level narrative stories or reports using process writing
	<b>Example Topic</b> <b>Editing &amp; revising</b>	Produce personal word/phrase lists from labeled pictures and check with a partner for edits and revision	Create phrases/short sentences from models and check with a partner for edits and revision	Edit and revise guided writing (e.g., for conventions and structures) based on teacher feedback	Edit and revise writing (e.g., using word processing or rubrics) based on class or peer reviews	Self-assess to edit and revise writing to produce final drafts

Level 6 - Reaching

ELP Standard 2: The Language of Language Arts, Summative Framework



		Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> Mysteries	Match pictures to individual clues based on oral statements	Identify pictures associated with solutions to short mysteries read aloud	Make predictions based on pictures of clues/pieces of evidence from mysteries and oral descriptions	Sequence pictures of clues/pieces of evidence from mysteries read aloud	Apply analogies of events or characters in mysteries read aloud to students' lives
	<b>Example Topic</b> Explicit & inferential information	Match oral statements from narrative or expository material to their illustrated representations	Determine literal meanings of oral passages from narrative or expository material and match to illustrations	Project next in a sequence from oral discourse on narrative or expository material supported by illustrations	Identify cause/effect in oral discourse from narrative or expository material supported by illustrations	Make connections and draw conclusions from oral discourse using grade-level materials
	<b>Example Genre</b> Fantasies	Answer WH- questions to distinguish between pictures of real and imaginary people, objects or situations	Describe pictures of imaginary people, objects or situations	Provide details of pictures of imaginary people, objects or situations	Complete scenarios from pictures of imaginary people, objects or situations	Make up fantasies about imaginary people, objects or situations
	<b>Example Topic</b> Story elements & types of genres	Name story elements of various genres (e.g., non-fiction works, fairy tales, myths, fables or legends) depicted visually	Describe story elements of various genres supported by illustrations	Summarize story lines, issues or conflicts in various genres supported by illustrations	Discuss relationships among ideas or offer opinions on issues in various genres supported by illustrations	Propose options or solutions to issues in various genres and support responses with details

Level 6 - Reaching

		Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>READING</b>	<b>Example Genre</b> <b>Biographies &amp; autobiographies</b>	Find identifying information on biographies from illustrations, words or phrases	Sequence events in biographical sketches using illustrations and graphic organizers (e.g., time lines)	Sort relevant from irrelevant biographical information using illustrations and graphic organizers	Compare/contrast biographical information of two persons using illustrations and graphic organizers	Synthesize biographical information of two persons from grade-level material to form opinions on people
	<b>Example Topic</b> <b>Main ideas &amp; details</b>	Find identifying information illustrative of main ideas from illustrations, words or phrases	Sort main ideas and details from sentences using visual support and graphic organizers	Match main ideas with their details from paragraphs using visual support and graphic organizers	Interpret text to identify main ideas and details from multiple paragraphs using visual or graphic support	Form or infer main ideas from details using grade-level materials
	<b>Example Genre</b> <b>Narratives</b>	Respond to illustrated events using words or phrases based on models	List illustrated events using phrases or short sentences based on models	Depict a series of illustrated events using related sentences in narrative form based on models	Sequence a series of illustrated events using paragraph transitions in narrative form based on models	Produce grade-level narrative stories or reports
	<b>Example Topic</b> <b>Conventions &amp; mechanics</b>	Identify basic conventions or mechanics in text (e.g., use of capital letters)	Differentiate uses of conventions or mechanics in illustrated sentences (e.g., those that end in periods or question marks)	Relate when to use conventions or mechanics in illustrated passages (e.g., commas to indicate a series)	Revise illustrated paragraphs according to use of specified conventions or mechanics (e.g., combine sentences to make appositives)	Provide examples and reasons for use of specified conventions or mechanics (e.g., “Why do we need commas?”)

Level 6 - Reaching

ELP Standard 3: The Language of Mathematics, Formative Framework



	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Cost/Money</b>	Match prices to goods using visually supported materials (e.g., newspapers or magazines) and oral questions (e.g., “Which one costs a lot?”) with a partner	Compare prices of goods using visually supported materials and oral questions (e.g., “Which one costs more, X or Y?”) with a partner	Analyze prices of goods using visually supported materials and oral questions (e.g., “Which one is the most expensive?”) with a partner	Predict prices of goods using visually supported materials and oral questions (e.g., “Which one do you think costs <i>under</i> \$1,000?”) with a partner	Make conditional purchases of goods from oral questions (e.g., “If you had \$1,000, which items would you buy?”)
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Basic operations</b>	Repeat information about math operations using realia or manipulatives and teacher models (e.g., “Here are 3 groups of 4.”) in L1 or L2	Paraphrase information about math operations using realia or manipulatives and teacher models in L1 or L2	Connect new information about math operations to previous experiences using realia or manipulatives	Explain or discuss uses of information about math operations using realia or manipulatives	Integrate or synthesize information about math operations to create own problems
<b>READING</b>	<b>Scale</b>	Recreate drawings from diagrams and written directions in a small group (e.g., “Make a car like this.”)	Create scale drawings from diagrams or models and written directions in a small group	Construct scale drawings from everyday experiences, diagrams or models and written sets of directions in a small group	Reproduce scale models from diagrams and written sets of directions in a small group	Build models to scale based on diagrams and written instructions (e.g., three-dimensional puzzles)
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Fractions</b>	Label fractional parts of diagrams or realia from number word banks	Describe what the fractional parts mean from diagrams or realia in phrases or short sentences	Give step-by-step process of how to solve problems involving fractions from diagrams using a series of related sentences	Describe strategies or tips for solving problems involving fractions from diagrams in paragraph form	Create original problems involving fractions embedded in scenarios or situations

Level 6 - Reaching

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	<b>Descriptive statistics</b>	Mark position/ location of numbers or illustrated objects from oral commands (e.g., “top,” “bottom,” “middle”)	Identify comparative quantities of numbers or illustrated objects from oral commands or questions (e.g., “most,” “least”)	Match general and some specific language associated with descriptive statistics to illustrated oral examples	Discriminate between different meanings of language associated with descriptive statistics from illustrated oral discourse	Apply technical language related to descriptive statistics to grade-level oral scenarios (e.g., “mean,” “mode,” “median,” “range”)
SPEAKING	<b>Strategies for problem solving</b>	State words in figures or formulas from illustrated examples (e.g., X in $3 \times 5$ says “times”)	Use general vocabulary in math sentences from illustrated examples (e.g., “You <i>times</i> three <i>by</i> five.”)	Relate multiple uses of specific vocabulary in illustrated math sentences (e.g., “How many are left when you take away?” “Which number is to the left?”)	Paraphrase illustrated math sentences using specific or technical vocabulary (e.g., “‘How many are <i>left</i> ?’ means, ‘What is the <i>remainder</i> ?’”)	Explain different ways of problem solving grade-level examples using specific or technical vocabulary
READING	<b>Large whole numbers</b>	Identify large whole numbers from pictures and models (e.g., “This number has 7 places.”)	Identify large whole numbers from pictures or models and phrases or short sentences	Sort examples of large whole numbers from pictures or models and text (e.g., those more than and less than one thousand)	Compare examples of large whole numbers presented in pictures and text	Match situations to use of large whole numbers from grade-level text
WRITING	<b>Three-dimensional shapes</b>	Reproduce names of three-dimensional shapes from labeled models (e.g., cones, cylinders or prisms)	Make lists of real-world examples of three-dimensional shapes from labeled models	Describe attributes of three-dimensional shapes from labeled models	Compare/contrast attributes of three-dimensional shapes from labeled models or charts (e.g., “A ___ is like a ___ because ___.”)	Incorporate descriptions of three-dimensional shapes into real-world situations

Level 6- Reaching



ELP Standard 4: The Language of Science, Formative Framework



	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<b>Foods &amp; nutrition</b>	Choose foods from realia, magazines or newspapers following oral directions	Classify foods from realia, magazines or newspapers following oral directions	Compare choices of foods by following oral directions with visual support	Evaluate choices of foods by following oral descriptions (e.g., “Choose the most nutritious food in this group.”)	Design meals by making choices of foods following a series of oral descriptions
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<b>Nature</b>	Organize and identify natural phenomena from real-life examples (e.g., “leaves,” “insects,” “rocks”) in small groups	Describe natural phenomena from real-life examples using general vocabulary (e.g., “This leaf has five points.”) in small groups	Categorize natural phenomena from real-life examples and give reasons for categorization scheme using general and some specific vocabulary in small groups	Compare features of natural phenomena from real-life examples using specific and some technical vocabulary (e.g., “This leaf has five veins while this one has two.”) in small groups	Discuss and explain physical relationships among natural phenomena from real-life examples using technical vocabulary
<b>READING</b>	<b>Ecology &amp; conservation</b>	Sort real-life objects according to labels (e.g., recyclable and not recyclable)	Identify ways to conserve from pictures and written text	Sequence descriptive sentences and pictures to illustrate forms of conservation (e.g., recycling process)	Find solutions to conservation issues presented in illustrated texts or Web sites	Research better or new ways to conserve using grade-level materials
<b>WRITING</b>	<b>Earth’s history</b>	Label features of the Earth based on diagrams or models (e.g., its layers)	Classify features of the Earth, past or present, from diagrams or graphic organizers using phrases or short sentences	Describe features of the Earth, past or present, from diagrams or graphic organizers using related sentences	Differentiate features of the Earth in past, present or future from diagrams or graphic organizers using paragraphs	Compose fictional and non-fictional multi-paragraph pieces about the Earth’s features

Level 6 - Reaching

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	States of matter	Identify examples of states of matter from oral statements with visual support	Distinguish among examples of states of matter from oral statements and visual support	Identify series of changes in states of matter based on oral descriptions and visual support (e.g., from liquid to steam, back to liquid)	Hypothesize change in states of matter based on oral descriptions and visual support (e.g. “I take ice cubes out of the freezer. I put them in the sun. What will happen?”)	Determine relationships between states of matter from oral discourse
SPEAKING	Body or living systems	Answer questions that name basic parts of systems depicted visually and modeled (e.g., “Your arm is a bone. What is another bone?” )	Classify or give examples of parts of systems depicted visually (e.g., “Heart and blood go together.”)	Describe functions of systems or their parts using visual support	Discuss importance or usefulness of systems or their parts using visual support	Imagine how change affects systems or their parts (e.g., “How might breaking an arm change your daily life?”)
READING	Earth materials	Match labeled pictures representing earth materials with vocabulary (e.g., “Which one is a rock?”)	Sort descriptive phrases according to pictures of earth materials	Differentiate among earth materials using charts, tables or graphic organizers	Interpret information on earth materials from charts, tables or graphic organizers	Apply information on earth materials to new contexts using grade-level text
WRITING	Solar system	Copy names of astronomical objects associated with the solar system from labeled diagrams (e.g., “planets,” “stars”)	Describe features of astronomical objects from labeled diagrams	Compare/contrast astronomical objects from diagrams or graphs (e.g., size, distance from sun)	Discuss relationships between astronomical objects from diagrams or graphs	Evaluate potential usefulness of astronomical objects (e.g., life on the moon, solar power)

Level 6 - Reaching

ELP Standard 5: The Language of Social Studies, Formative Framework



	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
<b>LISTENING</b>	<p><b>Tools &amp; artifacts</b></p> <p><b>Time long ago</b></p>	Identify tools or artifacts of the past (e.g., from indigenous cultures) from pictures and oral statements in small groups	Identify uses of tools or artifacts of the past from pictures and detailed oral descriptions in small groups	Match pictures of tools or artifacts of the past within their environments with illustrated oral scenarios in small groups	Re-enact the past involving the creation or use of tools or artifacts based on illustrated oral readings, videos or movies in small groups	Interpret work of paleontologists and anthropologists through role play based on oral readings, videos or movies
<b>SPEAKING</b>	<p><b>Maps &amp; globes/ Locations</b></p>	Locate and show places on maps or globes (e.g., “Here is Delaware.”) in L1 or L2 with a partner	Define locations of places on maps or globes (e.g., using relational language—“Wisconsin is <i>between</i> Minnesota and Michigan.”) in L1 or L2 with a partner	Detail locations of places on maps or globes (e.g., using descriptive language) with a partner	Give directions from one place/location to another on maps or globes (e.g., using sequential language) to a partner	Give explanations for places/locations on maps or globes (e.g., “I know this city is the capital because there is a star.”)
<b>READING</b>	<p><b>Immigration/ Migration</b></p>	Trace immigration/ migration routes on globes or maps with a partner	Match immigration/ migration routes on globes or maps to text and share with a partner	Organize information on immigration/ migration based on investigation using graphic or visual support with a partner	Compare information on immigration/ migration based on investigation (e.g. in Web sites, newspapers or libraries) using graphic or visual support with a partner	Identify reasons or explanations for immigration/migration based on investigation using grade-level multicultural texts
<b>WRITING</b>	<p><b>Historical events</b></p>	Reproduce historical highlights from labeled timelines or visually supported headlines	Create phrases or short sentences from timelines or visually supported headlines	Make entries of related sentences (e.g., in journals or logs) based on timelines or visually supported text	Produce reports by summarizing information (e.g., using first person)	Compose historical documentaries from multiple sources (e.g., using third person)

Level 6 - Reaching

	Example Topics	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	Trade routes	Identify information on trade routes from oral statements supported graphically or visually (e.g., points on timelines or icons on maps)	Arrange information on trade routes from oral directions supported visually or graphically (e.g., timelines, graphs, charts, maps)	Order or sequence information on trade routes from oral directions supported visually or graphically	Interpret information on trade routes from oral descriptions supported visually or graphically	Draw conclusions from information on trade routes from oral discourse supported visually or graphically
SPEAKING	Explorers	Provide information about explorers depicted in illustrated scenes	Give examples of what explorers do or did from illustrated scenes	State reasons for exploration from maps, charts or timelines	Compare/contrast accomplishments of explorers from maps, charts or timelines	Explain, with details, contributions of explorers to history
READING	Historical events, figures, & leaders	Match examples of historical events with illustrations and labels	Identify features, people or historical events depicted in illustrations and phrases	Compare/contrast different time periods or people using graphic organizers and sentences	Interpret effects of historical events on people's lives during different time periods using graphic organizers and text	Detect trends based on historical events or people's actions using grade-level text
WRITING	Communities & regions	Label features of communities or regions depicted in pictures or maps	Describe communities or regions depicted in pictures or maps	Compare/contrast different aspects of communities or regions depicted in pictures or maps (e.g., location, people, places, resources)	Discuss relationships between communities or regions depicted in pictures or maps	Analyze resources of communities or regions and discuss accomplishments or needs

Level 6 - Reaching