

Unit 2: Extending the Number System

CCSS	4 – Mastery	3 – Proficient	2 - Basic	1 – Below Basic	0 – No Evidence
Properties of rational exponents (N.RN.1)	<p>Can extend thinking beyond the standard, including tasks that may involve one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designing • Connecting • Synthesizing • Applying • Justifying • Critiquing • Analyzing • Creating • Proving 	Explain how a radical expression can be represented by rational exponents	Show how a radical expression can be represented by rational exponents	Show how an expression can be represented by integer exponents	<p>Little evidence of reasoning or application to solve the problem</p> <p>Does not meet the criteria in a level 1</p>
Rational exponents and radical expressions (N.RN.2)		Convert between rational exponents and radical expressions Use the properties of exponents to rewrite (simplify) radical expressions	Convert between rational exponents and radical expressions Use the properties of exponents to rewrite (simplify) radical expressions (limited to square roots and cube roots)	Convert between rational exponents and radical expressions	
Irrational and rational numbers (N.RN.3)		Justify all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When adding or multiplying two rational numbers the result is a rational number • When adding a rational number and an irrational number the result is irrational • Multiplying a nonzero rational number and an irrational number the result is irrational 	Justify two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When adding or multiplying two rational numbers the result is a rational number • When adding a rational number and an irrational number the result is irrational • Multiplying a nonzero rational number and an irrational number the result is irrational 	Justify one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When adding or multiplying two rational numbers the result is a rational number • When adding a rational number and an irrational number the result is irrational • Multiplying a nonzero rational number and an irrational number the result is irrational 	
Operating on polynomials (A.APR.1)		Add, subtract, and multiply polynomials all within the same problem	Add, subtract, and multiply polynomials	Add and subtract polynomials	
Represent parts as a single entity (A.SSE.1b)		Interpret the growth rate and the growth factor of exponential functions in context of the situation	Interpret the growth rate of exponential functions in context of the situation	Interpret the growth rate of exponential functions in context of the situation	
Use structure to identify (A.SSE.2)		Rewrite expressions in different equivalent forms by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Factoring using greatest common factors • Factor using a difference of two squares • Factor a trinomial • Factor a trinomial with more than 2 factors 	Rewrite expressions in different equivalent forms by (3 out of 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Factoring using greatest common factors • Factor using a difference of two squares • Factor a trinomial • Factor a trinomial with more than 2 factors 	Rewrite expressions in different equivalent forms by (2 out of 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Factoring using greatest common factors • Factor using a difference of two squares • Factor a trinomial • Factor a trinomial with more than 2 factors 	
Definition of complex number (N.CN.1) Operations with i (N.CN.2)		Use the relation $i^2 = -1$ and the properties of operations to add, subtract and multiply complex numbers and write the solution in standard form	Use the relation $i^2 = -1$ and the properties of operations to add, subtract and multiply complex numbers and write the solution in standard form	Use the relation $i^2 = -1$ and the properties of operations to add and subtract complex numbers, but does not write all solutions in standard form	