## 7<sup>th</sup> Grade Module 1 – Ratios and Proportional Relationships

	4 - Mastery	3 - Proficient	2 - Basic	1 - Below Basic	0 - No Evidence
Topic A and B (7.RP.2)	Meets <u>all</u> of the criteria in a Level 3 Completes tasks	<b>Explain</b> whether two quantities are proportional using a table and a graph	Decide whether two quantities are proportional using a table <u>and</u> a graph	Decide whether two quantities are proportional using a table <u>or</u> graph	Shows no evidence of proficiency Little evidence of
	including synthesis and evaluation	Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) from <u>all</u> of the following: tables, graphs, equations, diagrams and verbal descriptions.	Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) from <b>three</b> of the following: tables, graphs, equations, diagrams and verbal descriptions.	Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) from <u>two</u> of the following: tables, graphs, equations, diagrams and verbal descriptions.	reasoning or application to solve the problem.
		Write an equation that represents a proportional relationship	Identify an equation that represents a proportional relationship		
		Explain what <b>all</b> of the following points mean on a graph in terms of the situation: $(x, y), (0, 0)$ and $(1, r)$	Explain what <b>two</b> of the following points mean on a graph in terms of the situation: (x,y),(0,0) and (1,r)	Explain what one of the following points mean on a graph in terms of the situation: $(x,y)$ ,(0,0) and (1,r)	
Topic C (7.RP.1 and 7.RP.3)	Meets <u>all</u> of the criteria in a Level 3	Compute unit rates associated with ratios of <u>fractions and mixed</u> <u>numbers.</u>	Compute unit rates associated with ratios consisting of <u>at least</u> <u>one fraction.</u>	Computes unit rates associated with ratios without fractions.	Shows no evidence of proficiency
	completes tasks including synthesis and evaluation	Use proportional relationships to solve <b>multi-step</b> problems in real-world situations	Use proportional relationships to solve problems <u>in real world</u> <u>situations</u> .	Use proportional relationships to solve problems.	Little evidence of reasoning or application to solve the problem.
Topic D (7.RP.2b and 7.G.1)	Meets <u>all</u> of the criteria in a Level 3 Completes tasks including synthesis and evaluation	Determine the scale factor from a problem and solve problems to compute length and <u>area and</u> <u>reproduce a scale drawing using a different scale factor</u>	Determine the scale factor from a problem and solve problems to compute length and area	Determine the scale factor from a problem and use it to solve problems to <u>compute lengths</u>	Shows no evidence of proficiency Little evidence of reasoning or application to solve
					the problem.

**7.RP.2** Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities.

- a) Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship, e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin
- b) Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, graphs, equations, diagrams, and verbal descriptions of proportional relationships.
- c) Represent proportional relationships by equations
- d) Explain what a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship means in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points (0, 0) and (1, r) where r is the unit rate.

7.RP.1 Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, including ratios of lengths, areas and other quantities measured in like or different units.

**7.RP.3** Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio and percent problems.

7.G.1 Solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including computing actual lengths of areas from a scale drawing and reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.