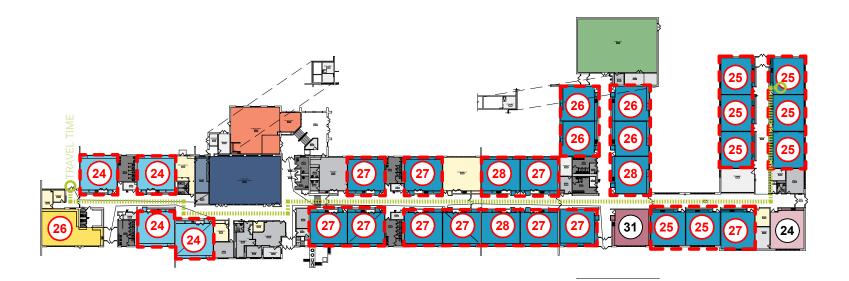


BUILDING SUMMARY				
Gross SF	68,779	Number of Levels	1	
Year Built	1953	Number of Additions	3	



LEVEL 1

ENROLLMENT METRICS

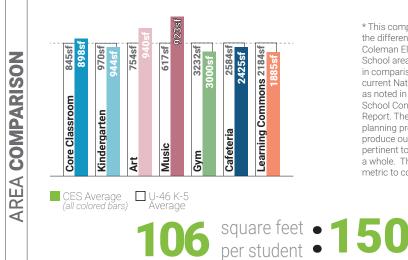
Occupancy**		1392
Effective Capacity	780	
Total Enrollment	648	

**Occupancy:** the maximum number of people that can be housed in a space in accordance with the building/ fire code

\*\*NOTE: Occupancy is NOT the recommended number of students for a space, it is the maximum allowed by code.

**Effective Capacity:** the amount of students a school can effectively support based on the District's current practices and future vision for teaching and learning. This is calculated based on ISBE's square footage per student guideline. Calculated based on core classrooms, science labs and Special Education spaces.

**Enrollment:** number of students that attended the facility in 2019-2020.



\* This comparison notes the difference between Coleman Elementary School area per student in comparison to the current National average as noted in the 2015 School Construction Report. The master planning process will produce outcomes pertinent to the District as a whole. This is just one metric to compare space.

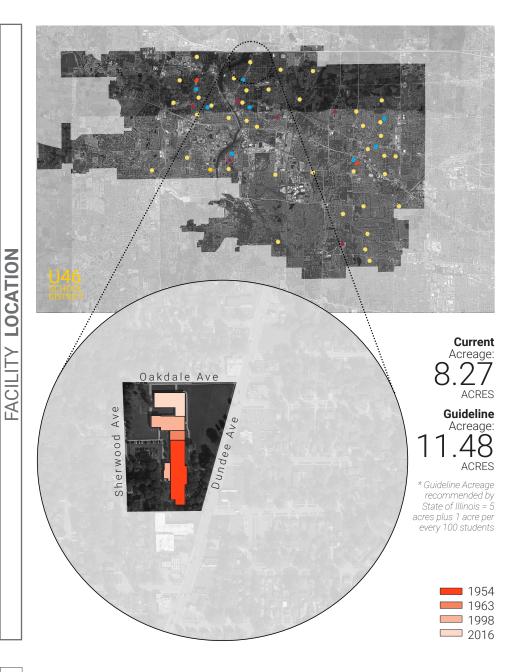
square feet

2015 National Low **Quartile Number** 



Coleman Elementary School

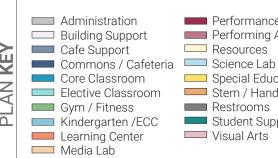




TRAVEL

Furthest approximate travel time from one location to another for an average Kindergarten Student.

**10-12** Furthest approximate travel time from one location to another for an average **Fourth Grade Student.** 



Performance Venue Performing Arts Classroom Resources

Special Education Stem / Hands-On Learning Restrooms

Student Support Visual Arts

Under-sized space Room Capacity 10 based on ISBE

Guidelines

OmO Travel Path



January 27, 2021

Phase 1 Snapshot

Facility Condition(35%)	<b>C</b> .16
Water Usage(5%)	Α
Gallons/SF	5.1
Energy Usage(10%)	С

SYSTEM

BUILDING

ВУ

Energy Usage(10%)		
Total EUI	51.1kBTU/SF/yr	
Electric	19.1kBTU/SF/yr	
Gas	32.0kBTU/SF/yr	

## AGGREGATED FACILITY GRADE

6.4/10

7.1/10

7.7/10

5.0/10

6.4/10

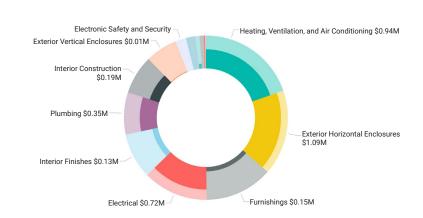
D

106

72%

No/No

Educational Adequacy grades were determined by a survey issued to staff. Square Foot/Student grades were determined by building area and enrollment. Facility grades are determined building assessments. Water grades were determined by comparing utility data to the Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey. Energy grades were deteremined by comparing utility data to the US Dept of Energy's Building Performance Database. Percent in parenthesis indicates weight of category in aggregate facility grade.



**USAGE** (

ENERGY

COS

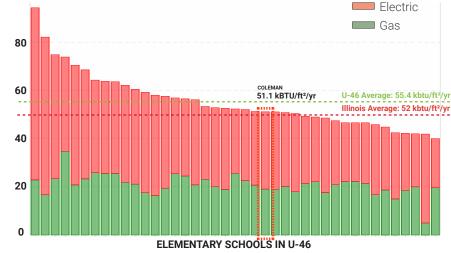
WATER

+

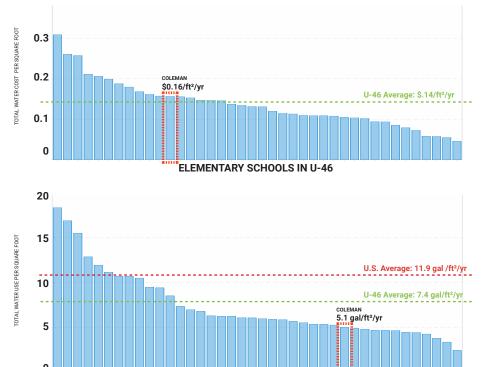
USAGE .

WATER

This chart indicates the approximate cost of deferred and anticipated maintenance (in dollars) of items assessed by building system. Highlighted items indicate those items in immediate need, code requirement, poor and fair condition.



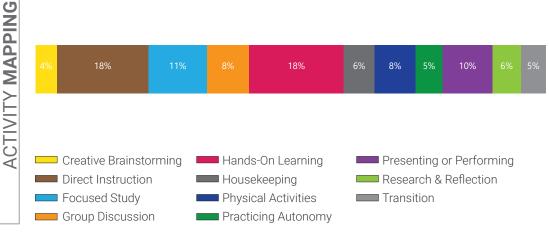
Energy Use Intensity (EUI) is a key metric that expresses a building's energy use as a function of its size. Generally, a low EUI signifies good energy performance



Water usage is a key metric that expresses a school's water use and total cost of water in comparison to the other elementary schools in the district.

**ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS IN U-46** 

Observing representative classrooms within the school through a typical day allows the design team to quantify how learning spaces are used. Measurements are averaged from all classrooms visited.



## CONDITION \$2.77M \$0.85M BY 0.46M FACILITY \$1.5M \$1.0M \$2.0M \$2.5M \$3.0M This chart indicates the approximate cost of deferred and anticipated

maintenance (in dollars) based on condition of assessed items.

Staff surveys (Listening Tours) were sent to each school where faculty

CIL

## **Listening Tour Comments From Staff**

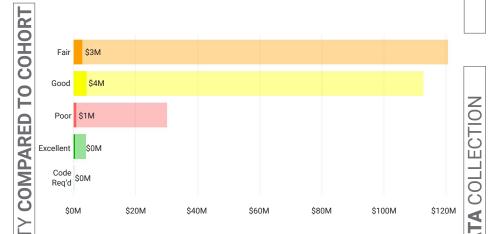
• Smells and air quality impact the learning environment in a negative way.

gave input about the strengths and weaknesses of the building. The following five comments highlight common themes and concerns.

- Classrooms need more storage space such as wall cabinets or counter space.
- •Temperatures vary widely from room to room.

What's a Listening Tour?

- It would be nice to have space to display student work on the walls.
- · Classroom size is highly valued. Flexible seating options would enhance the classroom learning environment.
- Natural lighting in the school is one of the biggest assets.
- The main entry is a safety concern. Anyone can get buzzed in and go in many directions before getting to the office.



This chart indicates the approximate cost of deferred and anticipated maintenance (in dollars) based on condition of assessed items in relation to the entire cohort of buildings.



## How is this information collected?

The goal of the DLR Group integrated design team is to **collect multiple qualitative and quantitative data points** around the same set of items - for example energy use, air quality, or learning behavior - in order to **form a holistic picture**. The team collects these data points through the use of sensors (in the space for 1-7 days), spot measurement equipment, expert walkthroughs, focus groups, surveys, and ethnographic observation techniques. The results are validated by cross-checking data points, such as a survey answer and a spot measurement, that should relate to one another.

STENING TOUR