

Strategic Plan Update

Educational Facility Master Plan January 24, 2022



Landscape

Aging facilities
 Need for additional annual spending on maintenance and operations of our facilities
 Uneven capacity utilization within our schools
 Program placement often based on where space is available
 No middle schools in southern portion of our boundary area
 Limited Pre-K opportunities
 Overall declining enrollment in U-46
 Inequitable access for our students





In the Summer of 2018, the Board of Education undertook an exercise to envision a U-46 five years away. The intention of these CEO goals is to align our work to move towards the Board's vision as stated below:

By 2024, our vision for U-46 includes the following elements:

- Successful implementation of school choice that has resulted in improved student outcomes and stronger levels of community engagement
- Opportunities for all students to pursue their interests and passions through magnet and/or educational pathways programs
- Dynamic core instruction with standards-aligned curriculum, instruction, and assessment
- Addressing both academic and social-emotional needs
- 1:1 technology access for all students to enhance Curriculum and Instruction in support of 21st century learning skills
- Job-embedded professional development through instructional coaches in our schools
- □ Students who love coming to school and staff who love coming to work.
- Universities and businesses will compete for our graduates
- U-46 will be an "employer of choice" with leadership development pathways for aspiring leaders in the organization.
- □ Smaller class sizes particularly in grades K-3
- **Our oldest elementary schools will be closed, rebuilt, or remodeled**
- True middle school model with grades 6-8. This will also potentially free up space in elementary schools for additional pre-K programming.
- Able to consistently demonstrate a high return on taxpayer dollars invested in our District



Educational Facility Master Plan

To address these conditions, U-46 entered into an agreement with the DLR group to create an Educational Facility Master Plan. The work started in early 2020 and the Board received preliminary recommendations on September 27, 2021. Tonight's update summarizes the work to date and provides a five-year plan to begin implementing the recommended changes.



What is an *Educational* Facility Master Plan?

- Traditional Facility Master Plans examine the components of a building, its structure, systems and condition.
- An Educational Facility Master Plan also examines the educational adequacy (today) and educational readiness (in the future) of your schools to meet your vision, so you can ensure lasting value to the community, teachers and students.
- The goal is to align the form to its function.



Partner Teams

Community "Vested Stakeholders"

Cm

Board of Education "Final Decision Makers"

BoE

Cabinet + Facility & Operations "Initial Decision Makers" Superintendent Executive Team Facility & Operations A/E/C Team

F&0

Steering Committee "Value Leaders"

SC

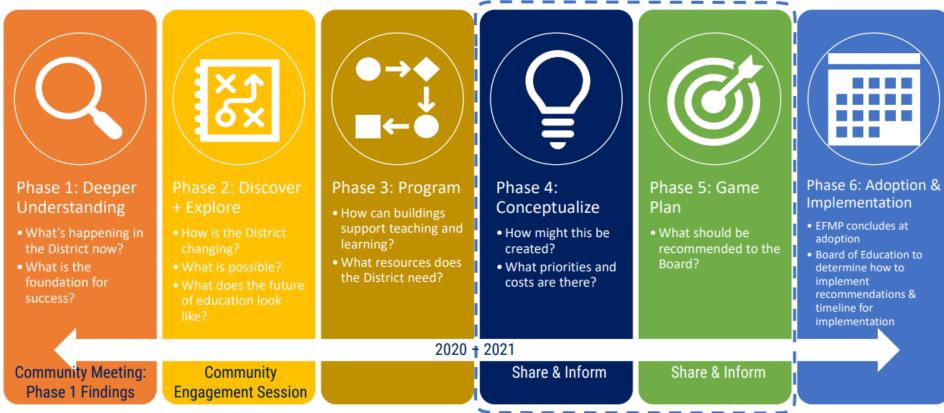
Students Alumni Teachers Administrators Community Members Business Partners Primary Users "Experts"

PrU

Students Teachers/Staff Administrators Maintenance Operations



EFMP Process



Recommendations to Address Defined U-46 Priorities



Move 6th grade to middle schools -> creates space at elementary level

01

02

Provide an equitable experience for all elementary students

Review elementary schools'
 ability to accommodate
 districtwide Pre-K program

- Identify location for 9th middle school
- Assess needed levels of renovations, additions at remaining middle schools
- May result in buildings being closed, rebuilt, or repurposed
- Includes possible boundary changes
- Will address program placement districtwide
- Evaluate needs for renovations, additions, replacements, or decommissioning/consolidation
- Move Pre-K students to home elementary schools where possible



Priority One

Move 6th Grade to Middle School

Why are we investigating a 6th grade shift?

The District asked DLR Group to investigate the potential of moving 6th grade to middle schools to improve the educational experience.

What are the potential benefits?

District has identified that 6th grade curriculum aligns better with 7th and 8th grade

Reproves the transition to high school

Extends time students are in middle school to create community and build peer connections

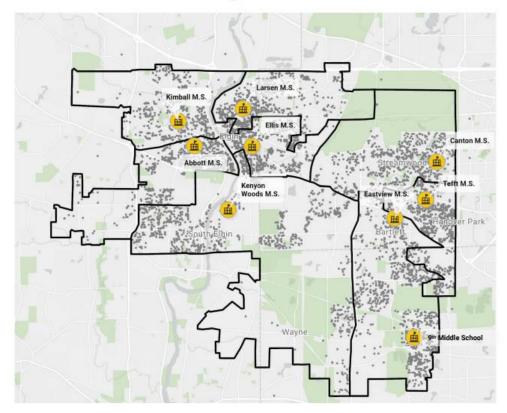
Build parental involvement in middle school community



Rationale for Moving 6th Grade to Middle School

- Comprehensive curriculum plan that is developmentally, linguistically, and socially emotionally appropriate for students aged 11 - 14 years
- Advisory class
- Team planning and team teaching spaces to support an integrated approach to curriculum
- Flexible and responsive instructional spaces to accommodate elective and required courses, small and large groups instruction aligned to college and career readiness
- Health and physical education programs, events, and activities aimed at adolescents in responsives spaces
- Appraisal and evaluation systems to track growth
- Learning commons to support independent student exploration, group learning, presentations, and tutorials
- Technologically advanced instructional spaces

Middle School Reference Map



DLR Group



Priority Two

Provide an Equitable Experience for all Elementary School Students

What changes at the elementary level can ensure operational efficiency and an equitable educational experience?

This master plan provides an opportunity to create a more equitable educational experience for elementary school students. **What did we investigate?**

Reviewed current, historical, and projected enrollment from Baragar Systems (District 3rd party consultant)

Investigated implications of integrating pre-K into elementary schools

Reviewed Phase 1 analyses to compare facility, operational, and educational factors district-wide (capacity, programs, facility condition, operational costs, site size, etc.)

Examined neighborhood demographics to understand community context



Data Points Reviewed for Elementary Schools in SD U-46



Oldest elementary schools Smallest site acreage Lowest spatial educational adequacy score Lowest average projected enrollment Least amount of space for expansion (any # of levels) Least amount of space for expansion (more than one level) Lowest overall building score Highest FCI (worst condition) Lowest Building Adequacy Score

*Note: Evaluation may lead to realization of need for renovations, additions, replacement or decommissioning/consolidation.





Priority Three

Move Pre-K into Home Schools

Elementary schools are where relationships with the district are established.

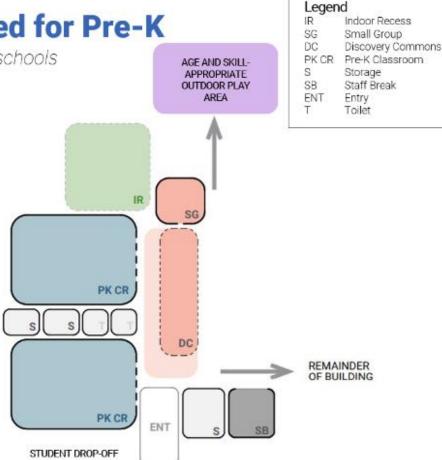
- Strong participation in school and community at elementary school level
- (Pre-K at ES) creates greater investment earlier in students' educational journey
- Continuity of instruction and related services
- Opportunity for early intervention and learning supports
- Opportunities for cross-grade staff collaboration at ES level
- Balancing the needs of the population is important for the future
- Adjustments to facilities would be needed to incorporate pre-K: playgrounds, restrooms, size-appropriate furniture and sharing of common spaces
- Pre-K staff should be recognized as a part of the ES staff



Acknowledging Changes Needed for Pre-K

Considerations for integrating pre-K into elementary schools

- Pre-K best supported with a suite of spaces tailored to early childhood learning
- Building and site must be considered
 - Pre-K classrooms with toilet rooms
 - Appropriately sized for ages served
 - "Discovery Commons" multi-purpose and collaborative space
 - Gross motor skills indoor play space
 - Age and skill appropriate outdoor play
 - Educator support space
 - Supporting integration of student services
 - Student drop-off & pick-up





Recommendations

Addressing maintenance & renovation needs across SD U-46

What happens to the rest of the schools?

- Facility Condition Assessments (FCA): All buildings were evaluated based on their current condition and maintenance needs.
- FCA weighs into the recommendations for decommission and replacement as well as the evaluation of the remaining buildings.
- Plans for addressing maintenance needs are a major component of the master plan.
- Combining condition analysis and future vision for SD U-46 into recommendations for all schools.
- Address deferred maintenance and renovation needs through
 - o Targeted projects
 - o Intentional plan for increasing annual expenditures for building maintenance.





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Potential Elementary/Pre-K Schools to be Decommissioned

<u>School</u>	<u>Proposal</u>	Possible Student Distribution	Additional Notes
Garfield	Swing space, then decommission	To Channing and Huff	Renovation and/or possible addition needed at Channing
Hanover Countryside	Swing space, then decommission	To Glenbrook and/or Oakhill	Schools receiving students may require renovation/addition
Illinois Park/More at 4	Decommission	To home elementary schools	Not renew leased space on McLean for More at 4 and repurpose Illinois Park for other district use TBD

Potential Elementary Schools to be Repurposed

<u>School</u>	<u>Proposal</u>	Possible Student Distribution	Additional Notes
Hawk Hollow	Repurpose: becomes new MS site	To Prairieview, Spring Trail, and Wayne	Renovation/addition for cohort-shift alignment

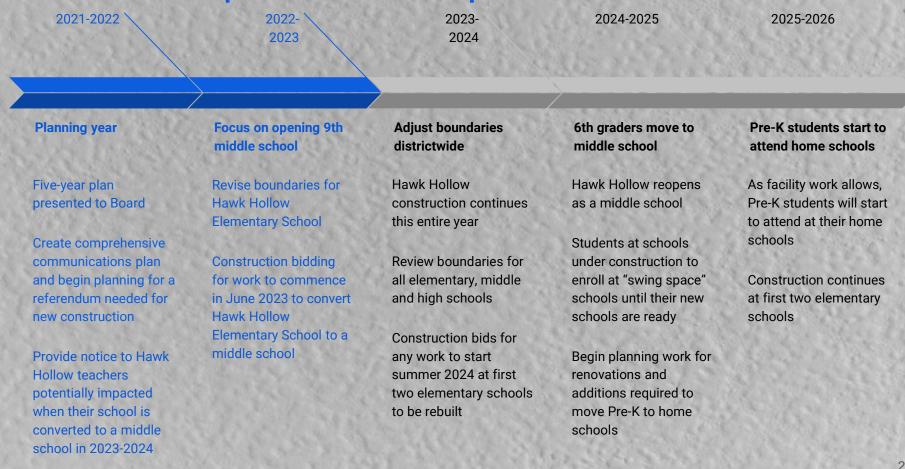


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Potential Elementary Schools to be Modified or Replaced

<u>School</u>	Proposal	Possible Student Distribution	Additional Notes
Lowrie	Replace		School to be considered for replacement
Glenbrook	Replace	Absorb portion of students from Hanover Countryside	Site flooding issues, poor building adequacy, security concerns. Consider replacement on existing site.
McKinley	Replace	Absorb students from redrawing boundaries in central Elgin.	In historic district although does not hold historic designation. Consider replacement
Washington	Addition/Renovation	Right-size and absorb students due to potential boundary change	Historic district and need to accommodate student population equitably
Century Oaks	Replace		Given age, location, poor spatial adequacy, and condition, consider replacement.
Parkwood	Replace	Absorb students from Laurel Hill and Ontarioville	Sister school to Century Oaks. Inefficient placement on site. Consider replacement

Proposed Five-Year Implementation Timeline



Elementary Schools - Potential Repurpose

Considerations for decommissioning building as an elementary & repurposing as middle school

Hawk Hollow Elementary School

- Built in 2002
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety, visual stimulation, and areas for student collaboration may be considered
- \$2.9M in poor and fair assessed items
- Generous site acreage size (impacts direct site amenities, and potential for building additions)
- Geographic location in district, low projected ES enrollment in this area, and site size suggest potential location for 9th MS
- Updates & addition would be needed to support MS cohort
 use and accommodate increased student enrollment





Early Childhood – Potential Decommission

Considerations for decommissioning building

Illinois Park Pre-K Center

- Built in 1999
- Spatial Educational Adequacy rated higher than U-46 ES average by teachers & staff
- \$3.3M in poor and fair assessed items
- Energy usage slightly higher than IL average; consider retrocommissioning
- Significant challenges to safety related to traffic circulation, parking, and drop-off areas
- Potential to repurpose building if pre-K is integrated into neighborhood schools





Elementary Schools - Potential Decommission

Considerations for decommissioning building

Garfield Elementary School

- Built in 1887 (one of the oldest ES)
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety and areas for student collaboration
- \$2.2M in poor and fair assessed items
- Energy usage slightly higher than IL average; consider retrocommissioning
- Very tight site (impacts direct site amenities/play areas)
- Limited parking and drop-off areas
- · Disconnected main office/secure check-in from main entrance
- Challenges to accessibility for all
- · Some below-grade spaces; not ideal for student use
- Updates would be needed to absorb pre-K
- Proximity to several other U-46 ES facilities with low projected enrollment





Elementary Schools - Potential Decommission

Considerations for decommissioning building

Hanover Countryside Elementary School

- Built in 1954
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety, visual stimulation, and areas for student collaboration
- \$3.4M in poor and fair assessed items
- Energy usage higher than IL and U-46 average; consider retro-commissioning
- Limited site acreage (impacts direct site amenities/play areas)
- Challenges to traffic circulation, parking, and drop-off areas
- Mobile classrooms on site; not ideal for student use or site utilization
- Lower SF/student allocation compared to national metrics, meets average for U-46 ES's
- Updates would be needed to absorb pre-K





Considerations for demolishing and reconstructing building

Century Oaks Elementary School

- Built in 1971 (sister school to Parkwood ES)
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety, visual stimulation, and areas for student collaboration
- \$2.8M in poor and fair assessed items
- Energy usage higher than IL and U-46 average; consider retrocommissioning
- · Large variation in classroom size/capacity
- Classrooms are wedge-shaped allowing for limited layout flexibility and functionality
- Some rooms require passing into neighboring classroom to enter
- Low SF/student allocation compared to state and national metrics and U-46 average for ES's
- Mobile classrooms on site; not ideal for student use or site utilization
- Updates to absorb pre-K





Considerations for demolishing and reconstructing building

Glenbrook Elementary School

- Built in 1971
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety, visual stimulation, and areas for student collaboration
- \$4.3M in poor and fair assessed items
- Energy usage higher than IL and U-46 average; consider retrocommissioning
- Site conditions and building location on site result in regular flooding and water infiltration issues
- Large number of classrooms are internal (no access to daylight or views to exterior) and require passing through neighboring classroom to enter
- · Classrooms with direct exterior access may present security concern
- Low SF/student allocation compared to state and national metrics and U-46 average for ES's
- Likely additions/renovations required to absorb students due to boundary changes
- Updates to absorb pre-K





Considerations for demolishing and reconstructing building

Parkwood Elementary School

- Built in 1971 (sister school to Century Oaks ES)
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety, visual stimulation, and areas for student collaboration
- \$2.5M in poor and fair assessed items
- Energy usage higher than IL average; consider retrocommissioning
- · Large variation in classroom size/capacity
- Classrooms are wedge-shaped allowing for limited layout and functionality
- Large number of rooms require passing into neighboring classroom to enter
- Likely additions/renovations required to absorb students from nearby schools to meet capacity and utilization goals
- Updates to absorb pre-K





Considerations for demolishing and reconstructing building

Lowrie Elementary School

- Built in 1887 (one of the oldest ES)
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety and areas for student collaboration
- \$3.4M in poor and fair assessed items
- Energy usage slightly below IL average; consider retrocommissioning
- Very tight site (impacts direct site amenities/play areas)
- · Limited parking and drop-off areas
- · Disconnected main office/secure check-in from main entrance
- Challenges to accessibility for all
- Mobile and basement class spaces on site; not ideal for student use or site utilization
- Low SF/student allocation compared to state and national metrics and U-46 average for ES's
- Updates to absorb pre-K





DESIGNING OUR FUTURE

Considerations for determining levels of modernization/reconstruction

McKinley Elementary School

- Built in 1887 (one of the oldest ES)
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety and areas for student collaboration
- \$2.1M in poor and fair assessed items
- Very tight site (impacts direct site amenities/play areas)
- · Limited parking and drop-off areas
- · Disconnected main office/secure check-in from main entrance
- Challenges to accessibility for all
- · Basement class spaces ; not ideal for student use
- Likely additions/renovations required to absorb students due to boundary changes
- Updates to absorb pre-K
- Comes to the forefront for needing significant facility intervention in multiple categories evaluated



Elementary Schools – Potential Addition/Major Renovation

Considerations for determining levels of modernization/partial reconstruction

Washington Elementary School

- Built in 1893 (one of the oldest ES)
- Spatial Educational Adequacy findings suggest updates for future readiness, flexibility, space variety and areas for student collaboration
- \$1.9M in poor and fair assessed items
- Energy usage higher than IL average; consider retrocommissioning
- Very tight site (impacts direct site amenities/play areas)
- Limited parking and drop-off areas
- · Disconnected main office/secure check-in from main entrance
- Challenges to accessibility for all
- Likely additions/renovations required to absorb students due to boundary changes
- Mobile classrooms on site; not ideal for student use or site utilization
- Updates to absorb pre-K



